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THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

Prof. Morrill, chief of the forecast division of the Weather Bureau, is dead. —— At Tampa, Fla., a mob tried to rescue three negro teamsters of the regular army from the jail at that place, but the rioters were driven off by the guard, who fired a volley into the crowd. —— A Mrs. Orr and two negroes, all charged with the murder of Mrs. Orr's husband, are in jail at Clarendon, Ark., and a lynching is feared. —— The reply of the Spanish Government to the peace conditions named by the United States commenced coming by cable to the French ambassador at Washington late yesterday afternoon; the whole of the message had not been received up to nightfall; later, it was stated that the reply indicates acceptance of terms in a general way. —— Postoffice at Fort Monroe robbed Sunday night; about $2,400 in stamps and $50 cash taken. —— Lieut. R. P. Hobson called on Admiral Cervera, at Annapolis, Md. —— Wreckers fear that it is impossible to save the Spanish warship Cristobal Colon; the Maria Teresa has not yet been floated. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 1½@2 per cent., last loan being at 1½ per cent.; cotton—dull; middling uplands 6 1-16c; flour weak, losing most of the advance; wheat—spot easy; No. 2 red 78½@79½c; corn—spot steady; No. 2 88½c; rosin quiet; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 8.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 79 deg.; 8 P.M. 80 deg.; maximum, 88 deg.; minimum 75 deg.; mean, 82 deg.

Rainfall for the day, 0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 0.66 inches.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Very heavy rains occurred in the central Gulf and western districts, and lighter falls in nearly all the eastern sections, with slight changes in temperature. The weather is clear in the eastern districts, and generally cloudy in the western. The following heavy precipitation (in inches) was reported: Dublin, Texas, 2.25; Jackson Miss., 2.20; Port Eads, La., 1.58; Oklahoma, Okl., 1.24; Montgomery, Ala., 1.08.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Areas of moderately low pressure centre to night in the northeast and southwest, and high areas cover the extreme southeast and the far northwest. It has fallen some in the Atlantic States during the past twelve hours. Moderate thunder showers are reported in the Gulf States, the lower Mississippi and the Ohio valleys and throughout the North Atlantic States. Cloudy weather and rain continue generally in these sections, with slightly lower temperatures. It is clear in Georgia, the Carolinas, Virgina and in the northwest, with only slight temperature changes noted in these sections.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 3 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Rain; cooler in the interior; southwest winds.

Port Almanac—Aug. 9.

Sun Rises	5.13 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.56 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 43 M.
High Water at Southport	1.35 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	4.05 P. M.

The Germans have an opera called Gotterdamerung, but it isn't as wicked as might be supposed.

Venezuela is no chicken as to size. She covers 642,000 square miles, which is nearly thirteen times as large as North Carolina.

There is a nine-wife man in jail in O'Neill, Nebrask, and he is cheerful, cheerful because there are strong iron doors in the jail and the nine can't jump on him.

The President seems to be in doubt as to what we should do with the Philippines. It may be inferred from this that he hasn't yet consulted Mark Hanna.

The Porto Ricans who are enjoying themselves welcoming "Senor" Miles and raising American flags, will soon have the pleasure of chipping in to help pay the expenses of walloping Spain.

Poker playing is not permitted in Vienna on the ground that it is a game of chance. If they could see our American experts perform at it they wouldn't think it was a game of chance at all for the Vienna man, but a dead sure thing for the other fellow.

It is estimated that the Georgia peach growers have shipped this season 2,000 car loads of peaches for which they received from $100 to $400 a car. Some of the large growers made a profit of from $25,000 to $50,000. The Georgia peach, it my be incidently remarked, is luscious and seductive.

The STAR now sees where the six ballot-boxes for each precinct "come in." We have examined the election law again and find that while there are only three boxes in which the ballots are deposited when voted, there are three duplicate boxes in which the ballots are placed as they are counted. So, while there are but three separate ballots, each precinct must be provided with six boxes.

England is helping Australia to solve the rabbit problem. The Australians are catching immense numbers of them and shipping them in cold storage vessels to England, where they are bought and eaten. It is estimated that as many as six millions have been shipped this season.

A Chicago chemist claims to have discovered a process of converting corn glucose into rubber that gets away with India rubber in every respect, and he says he isn't stretching a bit.

It used to be "Westward the Star of Empire takes its way." Now it is Eastward, and it takes everything in its way. The "star" seems to be in quite a taking mood.

In consequence of the peace negotiations the Gen. Wade excursion to Porto Rico, which Secretary Alger was arranging for, has been declared off for the present.

That was a small business of Secretary Alger, to give out for publication Teddy Roosevelt's personal letter. But that is about the size of Alger.

Hayti objects to the establishment of a U. S. Weather Bureau over there, probably because it has more weather of its own than it can manage.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Legal—Foreclosure sale.
R. R. Stone & Co.—Picnic hams.
Notice—Commissioner's meeting.
Masonic—Meeting St. John's Lodge.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mrs. K. H. Nash and children went to Tarboro yesterday to spend a while.

— Mrs. Lee H. Battle and children have gone to Durham to remain until the Fall.

— Dr. P. H. Hoge left yesterday morning for Raleigh to spend a few days with friends.

— Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Penny left yesterday for Baltimore, Washington, and other cities north.

— Rev. G. L. Finch, of Williamston, is in the city, stopping with Mr. J. W. Barnes on Market street.

— Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Bowden returned to Portsmouth yesterday, after a visit to relatives here.

— Mr. J. J. Crosswell, route agent of the Southern Express Company, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mrs. J. F. Wishart has returned home after several months pleasantly spent in the western part of the State.

— Mr. H. E. Thompson, proprietor of the Jackson Springs Hotel, was a welcome caller at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. Charles Leo Schulken and Mr. Carl B. Rehder returned yesterday from a delightful trip to the western part of the State.

— That clever young gentleman, Mr. L. B. Rogers, who travels for Mr. D. L. Gore, is on his vacation in the western part of the State.

— Miss Rita Snider, who has been here for several weeks, visiting Miss Camille Pennington, returned to her home in Rocky Mount yesterday.

—Misses Mary Woodward, Beulah Howerton, and Rosa Rigsbee, of Durham, who have been visiting relatives here for several weeks, returned home yesterday.

— Miss Nellie Lewis Barbee, a popular young lady of Chapel Hill, who has been stopping at the Seashore Hotel at Wrightsville Beach, passed through the city yesterday on her way home.

— Mayor R. H. Dudley and wife, of Nashville, Tenn., arrived in the city yesterday and are spending some time at Seashore Hotel, on Ocean View beach.

— Mr. W. F. Penny, travelling representative of I. Whitehill & Sons, Baltimore, Md., returned to Baltimore yesterday to start out for the Fall trade.

— Miss Mabelle Gray, one of Winston-Salem's most popular and fascinating young ladies and her charming cousin, Miss Julia Gray, of Raleigh, are the guests of Miss Slocumb on Ocean View beach.

— Mr. J. A. Brown, chairman of the Democratic executive committee of Columbus county, was a STAR visitor yesterday. Joe isn't saying much for publication, but he is evidently pleased with the political outlook in Columbus.

Ladies' Linen Collars 8c; Silk Ties 8c; 25c Hose 19c, at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

Ladies' Linen Collars 8c; Silk Ties 8c; 25c Hose 19c, at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

Bargain Week at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

AFFAIRS OF THE CITY.

Regular Monthly Meeting of the Board of Alderman Held Yesterday.

MANY MATTERS OF MOMENT.

Reports of Committees—Numerous Petitions — Building Permits—Complaints as to the Condition of Streets—Fire Department.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Aldermen was held yesterday at 4:30 P. M. Mayor S. P. Wright presided and Assistant Clerk and Treasurer T. E. Wallace recorded. Aldermen Morrill, Hewlett, Norwood, Twining and Gore were present.

After the reading of the minutes the reports of committees were called for. For the Finance Committee Mayor Wright reported that the money that the Board had instructed to be borrowed at its last meeting had been borrowed and suitable security given.

The Mayor asked for the various committees to be read and added the name of Mr. D. L. Gore to the hospital committee; the other member of the committee is Dr. Wright.

A communication from the Board of Health was then read, referring to the accumulation of garbage and filth on the streets on account of inadequate facilities for removing it. The communication stated that the hot and rainy weather had intensified the bad conditions and that prompt steps should be taken to correct this evil.

It recommended that seven carts and two wagons be used in removing garbage from the streets.

Alderman Hewlett made a motion authorizing the Mayor to put on as many carts as he thought necessary.

Alderman Gore said that since he had been an alderman he had heard more about the filth on the streets than he ever had before. But he was for "cleaning up as well as we possibly can."

Mayor Wright stated that at present only two carts were doing service.

Alderman Hewlett's motion was then voted on and carried.

Petitions for electric lights on the corner of Fifth and Taylor streets and in a locality not designated were referred to the committee on lights. Likewise a lengthy petition giving eight reasons why an electric light should be placed at the corner of MacRae and Campbell streets.

A petition asking that the streets and ditches near Tenth and Dock streets and thence to Orange street be put in better condition was placed in the hands of the committee on streets and wharves. This committee and the committee on lights were made the joint recipients of a petition for an electric light and other improvements at the corner of Seventh and Campbell streets and Eighth and Campbell streets.

Building Permits.

The permits to build were quite numerous. They were as follows: Thos. H. Wright, one-story frame house, Ninth between Dock and Orange; Mrs. Lizzie Q. Bowens, two-story frame house in block 223 on North Sixth street; J. F. A. Reaves, one-story frame house on Surry between Church and Castle; H. E. Bonitz, two frame tin roof houses on Grace between Front and Second; Southside Baptist church to erect a new house of worship on the corner of Fifth and Wooster streets and also to use the hall of the Fifth ward hook and ladder company for a house of worship during August and September; J. M. Branch, two-story shingle roof house, Surry between Church and Castle; Jno. C. Stout, two-story frame house for W. E. Perdew, on Seventh between Grace and Walnut, and a one-story tenement house on Eighth between Queen and Wooster; F. P. Lamb, two-story wooden addition to store on corner of Eighth and Campbell streets; R. A. Parsley, seven small houses on the corner of Third and Parsley; H. J. Anderson, one-story frame house on Thirteenth between Queen and Wooster; Chas. M. Whitlock, blacksmith shop on corner of Dock and Water streets, adjoining one already there.

Reports of Officials.

Chief Charles Schnibben's report for the month showed five fire alarms, two bell and three telephone alarms. The damage was slight. His report recommended the purchase of two hose wagons as the old ones are worn-out. The report extended the thanks of the firemen to the president and members of the Kings' Daughters for services rendered on the date of the accident to several firemen, June 7.

The treasurer's report showed balance on hand July 1, $20,813.50; receipts during July, $14,166.38; disbursements, $8,308.58; balance on hand August 1, $26,371.30.

The regular monthly report of Dr. W. D. McMillan, Superintendent of Health, giving complete details about deaths and births during the month and the condition of the market houses, city prison and firemen's quarters was read.

More Petitions.

No action was taken on a petition from F. G. Punke, the Sneed Company and others, complaining of the carts on Second street, between Market and Dock, on Saturdays.

Col. Walker Taylor, President of the Brunswick Bridge and Ferry Company, was given an opportunity to present a petition. He complained of the heavy tax on the company. The county tax, he said, was 2 per cent. on the gross receipts, the State tax 2 per cent., and the city tax 2½ per cent. No company could live with a taxation of 6½ per cent., he argued. He said that the company was working for the interest of the city and that as it was but slightly, if any, under the protection of the city, he thought that the tax should be removed or made merely nominal.

Mayor Wright said that legal advice would have to be taken before final action in this matter.

Comforts for Excursionists.

Mr. P. Heinsberger, Secretary of the Merchants' Association, read a letter from that body asking the city to arrange better accommodations for the thousands of excursionists who visit the city every Summer. Mayor Wright emphasized the necessity of doing something in this direction. Alderman Gore generously offered the use of his vacant lot on Front street between Chesnut and Mulberry to be converted into a kind of temporary park for the visitors. He said that he would probably not be ready to build within two or three years, and until then the city could use the property free of charge.

Alderman Twining suggested the necessity of beginning at once. He and Aldermen Hewlett and Morrill were appointed a committee with power to act.

Alderman Twining enquired what had become of the patrol wagon that the board had ordered made. He was answered by the statement that the Board of Audit and Fnance had not concurred in ordering the wagon.

The need of new hose wagons was discussed here and the matter was referred to the fire committee, Alderman Gore suggesting the wisdom of all committees taking up and canvassing thoroughly all matters which come under their supervision.

Alderman Gore read the following ordinance which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen, the Board of Audit and Finance concurring, that in accordance with Section 6, Chapter 25, private laws of 1891, the mayor and clerk and treasurer are hereby authorized to issue certificates of indebtedness in exchange for the bonds of the city held by the Commissioner of the Sinking Fund, now amounting to $24,100 it being understood that all the bonds so exchanged are to be immediately burned as required by law.

Mayor Wright said that there was widespread complaint about bad lights, and said that he thought one reason the lights were not better was that the bond of Primus Bowen, the lamplighter, had not been accepted and he was not getting his full pay. On motion of Alderman Twining the Board of Audit and Finance was requested to accept Bowen's bond and give him his full pay. The Board then adjourned.

A KNIFE USED.

Two Young White Men in a Fight—One Stabbed the Other.

Walter Bell and Mike Bryan, two young white men, got into a difficulty on the corner of Fourth and Wooster streets Saturday evening and Bryan severely stabbed the other boy. The trouble began a few hours before at the cotton factory, where both of them were employed. Bryan said something about Bell that the latter didn't like, and was invited outside to be punished. Before they closed with each other, a foreman came up and put an end to the row. Then it was agreed by the two that the difference should be settled on the way home that night.

At the locality referred to above the affray occurred. Bell struck Bryan in the mouth with his fist. No sooner was this done than Bryan, according to reports, whipped out a knife from up his sleeve and attacked the other boy furiously. Before he had finished he drove the knife into his victim's body no less than five times, but as a pocket knife was used the wounds were not deep, and Bell was able to show up before Judge Bornemann yesterday, submit for assault and battery, and swear out a warrant for the arrest of Mike Bryan. While Deputy Sheriff Teachey was looking for Bryan, the latter appeared. Justice Bornemann fixed the trial for 4 o'clock this afternoon.

Will Resume To-day.

The distillery of Mr. W. R. Bradshaw about four miles from the city will be started up to-day with Mr. McRay Denkins, of Vanceboro, storekeeper and gauger. It will be remembered that John T. Howe, colored, was assigned to that distillery as storekeeper sometime ago and Mr. Bradshaw refused to run with him, notifying the department that he was willing to run with any white man, but not with a negro. Later he applied again for an officer and was notified that Howe had been re-assigned to his distillery. Mr. Bradshaw again declined to open. Now it seems that the government has concluded that Mr. Bradshaw cannot be coerced into working with Howe and has assigned him a white man.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia Nervou Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

Come to-day—Bargain Week at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

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LOCAL DOTS.

— St. John's Lodge of Masons holds its regular monthly communication to-night.

— St. John's Lodge No. 1 of Masons of this city has lost by death six members in ten months.

— Camp Da-n Russell is a thing of the past; and it will not be very long before His Exhellency will be in the same category.

— The Hemenway school yard presents an improved appearance since the weeds and trash have been cleaned up and removed.

— The liquor dealers' meeting was not held yesterday for want of a quorum. It was decided to postpone it until next Friday afternoon.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

— Justice G. W. Bornemann yesterday suspended judgment on the payment of costs in a case against Clayton McLaurin for assault and battery.

— Rev. Dr. T. N. Ivey, of Greensboro, delighted and highly entertained the congregation of Grace Church on Sunday with two able and well delivered sermons.

— St. Luke's A. M. E. Zion Church, colored, gave an excursion to Carolina Beach yesterday on the *Wilmington*. The crowd numbered six or seven hundred.

— Charles Singletary, Eli Evans and Cann Simpson, all colored, submitted to charges of assault and battery yesterday before Justice J. M. McGowan, who suspended judgment on the payment of costs.

— The Comic Star excursion to Newbern was well patronized. There were six cars and about 300 excursionists. The train left here at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, and was scheduled to leave Newbern, returning at 12 o'clock last night.

— The case against Wm. Fisher, colored, for assault and battery, set for yesterday morning before Justice G. W. Bornemann, was tried at the appointed time, but Justice Bornemann reserved his decision until 12 o'clock to-day.

— This is to be a week of excursions. They are expected as follows: August 11th, from Rwland; August 11th and 12th, from Concord; August 9th, from Clinton; August 12th, from Mount Olive. The Mount Olive excursion will go outside.

— The members of Brooklyn Baptist Church are always showing their esteem for their pastor, and last night they availed themselves of the old-time practice of "pounding," with the result that Mr. Kramer's pantry is now stocked with good things.

— Yesterday Justice John J. Fowler bound Sam Marshall, colored, over to the Criminal Court to answer the charge of assault with a deadly weapon upon his wife. He is to be given a hearing to-day in another case of the same kind. He was committed to jail in default of a $50 bond.

— Beaufort *Herald-Dispatch*: "A very pleasant sail was given last Saturday by Mr. W. A. Mace in honor of Miss Mary Shepard, of Wilmington. The large sharpie *Benefit* was crowded to its utmost capacity with fun-loving, pleasure-seeking young men and beautiful happy-hearted young women."

— Cards were issued yesterday by Mrs. M. E. McGirt, of this city, announcing the marriage of her daughter, Miss Leila, to Rev. T. A. Smoot, Professor of Science and Philosophy in Greensboro Female College. The marriage is to be solemnized in Fifth Street Methodist Church on Wednesday, the 17th inst., at 6.30 P. M.

— Dr. S. P. Wright returned Sunday from Detroit, where he attended a meeting of the League of American Municipalities. There was an attendance representing seventy-four cities and twenty-four States. Dr. Wright was the only representative from North Carolina. The next session of the league will held at Syracuse, N. Y.

— Police Sergeant Hewlett's residence was entered by house-breakers and the pantry depleted some time Saturday night or Sunday. Mrs. Hewlett is on Wrightsville Sound and there was no one at home. She had prepared Officer Hewlett a week's supply of food, and all of it was taken. The theft was not discovered until Sunday night when he went for his supper. He is now prepared to sympathize with Old Mother Hubbard.

APPOINTMENTS FOR BELLAMY.

He Is Now Making a Preliminary Canvass of the Sixth District.

John D. Bellamy, Democratic candidate for Congress, is making a preliminary canvass of the Sixth District, and has accepted invitations to speak as follows:

At a pic-nic to be given at Gibson's Station, Richmond county, Thursday, August 18th.

At Monroe, Union county (Court week), Tuesday, August 23d.

At the great Croatan basket dinner to be given at New Hope, near Pate's Station, Robeson county, Friday, August 26th.

At Lockwood's Folly, Brunswick county, at the Democratic mass convention to be held Thursday, September 1st.

Bargain Week at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

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PHIL. THOMAS' ASSAILANTS.

Two Negroes Charged in the Mayor's Court With This Offense—Trial To-day.—Other Cases.

The Mayor's court docket was unusually large yesterday and the court lobby was crowded with colored people, some as spectators and others as witnesses.

The most important cases were against Richard and Joe Nick Byrd, colored, charged with making the dastardly attack upon Policeman Phil Thomas on Monday night of last week. Readers of the STAR will remember that officer Thomas was set upon by two negroes near the Sixth street bridge and hit over the right eye and in the chest with a pair of brass knucks. The younger brother, Joe Nick, is the one charged with having used the knucks.

The trial of the two negroes was postponed until to-day after considerable cross-firing on the part of counsel—C. P. Lockey, Esq., for the State and Lawyer Henderson for the defendants. At first Mr. Lockey asked for a continuance until to day on account of the absence of several witnesses. Henderson protested vigorously and demanded immediate trial. After a conference with Officer Thomas and others Mr. Lockey agreed to go into the trial with the witnesses he had and thereupon Henderson insisted that the State's evidence should be heard and the hearing continued until to-day so that the defendant's witnesses, for whom instants capias had been issued could be gotten. This move created quite a laugh in the court. An immediate and final trial or an absolute continuance was all that Mr. Lockey would agree to and Mayor pro tem Hewlett continued the case, exacting from Joe Nick Byrd a $100 justified bond and a $50 bond from his brother and accomplice, H. C. Green, colored, and Lawyer Henderson became bondsmen for them.

Cases for disorderly conduct before the Mayor were as follows:

Isaac Chapman, colored, $2.50 and costs; Andrew Brown, colored, discharged; King Bell, continued until to-day; McKoy Howard, judgment suspended on the payment of costs; Charles Fisher, $5.00 and costs; Wash Murphy, colored, continued; Rosa Mitchell, nol prossed.

Lou Campbell, colored, for disorderly conduct and fighting, was fined $10.00 and costs. James Donnelly, was fined $2.50 and costs for riding a wheel on the sidewalk.

Bowman Green, colored, plead guilty of shooting a pistol and was fined $2.50 and costs. He contended that the pistol fired accidentally and that he had found it on the streets a little while before.

Greeley Willis, colored, was arraigned for assault and battery and fined $2.50 and costs. Another case was that against Annie Stubbs, charged with keeping a dog on her premises without a tax tag. She was fined $5 and costs.

THE LATE J. O. BOWDEN.

Funeral from St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church—Large Attendance.

Despite the excessive heat of Sunday there was a large attendance, both at St. Andrew's Church and Oakdale cemetery, at the funeral of Mr. J. O. Bowden. Rev. B. E. Wallace conducted the burial services at the church and cemetery, while Mr. R. W. Price, the Senior Warden of St. John's Lodge, acting in the place of the Master, who was indisposed, conducted the Masonic services. Messrs. Jesse Wilder (Past Master), W. M. Poisson, W. H. Chadbourn, S. P. McNair, T. F. Bagley and Dr. A. D. McDonald were the active pall bearers, and Messrs. H. H. Munson, C. H. Robinson (Past Grand Masters), Alfred Alderman and Dr. W. J. Love were the honorary pall bearers.

The music at the church and grave was by a special choir, composed of Miss Carrie White, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. D. Smith and Mr. R. H. Grant, with Miss Pocahontas Britt as organist. "Sleep on, Beloved, Sleep," "Come ye Disconsolate" and "Asleep in Jesus" were rendered at the church, while at the cemetery the hymn "Nearer My God to Thee" was sung. Numerous floral offerings were placed upon the grave.

ANOTHER HOUSE ROBBED.

Ex-Mayor W. N. Harriss, 612 Market Street, the Victim.

Thieves accomplished more than the usual amount of deviltry at Mr. W. N. Harriss' house, 612 Market street, some time last week. Mr. Harriss discovered that his house had been robbed yesterday. He was on his way to Wrightsville beach intending to take the 2.30 train. He stopped by his house, which is unoccupied during the Summer. When he failed to open the door from the outside he suspected that something was wrong. Then he went around the back way. He found the lattice door to the back piazza and the back door of the house open. The locks and bolts to both had been broken.

Three or four hundred dollars worth of property was stolen according to Mr. Harriss' estimate. Two overcoats and a gun of his own, and nearly all of his wife's clothing were missed at first sight, and Mr. Harriss is sure that a careful investigation will reveal the loss of many other articles.

The robbery was committed some time since last Tuesday, when the nurse was at the house and found everything all right.

Come to-day—Bargain Week at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

WAS DECLARED INSANE.

Charles McAllister, Justice Bornemann's Assailant, Ordered to the Goldsboro Asylum.

A commission *de lunatico enquirendo* examined Chas. McAllister, colored, who came so near taking the life Justice G. W. Bornemann Sunday morning, and declared him a fit subject for the Goldsboro insane asylum. The examination was made by Justices R. H. Bunting and Jno. R. Melton with Dr. Harper as medical expert in the stead of Dr. McMillan who was out of the city for a few hours. STAR readers will remember that McAllister was at large with a 16-shot Winchester rifle in dry pond for several hours Sunday morning and spread terror throughout that section of the city until arrested. He seems to be about 33 years of age and has for some time conducted a blacksmith's shop at the corner of Seventeenth and Market streets. He will be sent to Goldsboro just as soon as arrangements can be made for him.

TO CLEAN UP THE STREETS.

The Board of Health Discussed Plans at Yesterday's Meeting.

There was a meeting of the Wilmington Board of Health yesterday afternoon, upon which Dr. Thomas, Dr. Wright and Dr. McMillan were in attendance. One of the most important matters which engaged their attention was the informal discussion of the proposed increased street cleaning facilities, upon which the Board of Aldermen had not then acted—increasing the number of carts and wagons in the service and putting the department under the direct control of the superintendent of health. It will be observed from the proceedings of the Board of Aldermen, published in another column, that they have so ordered, and the Board of Health proposes to clean up the streets and other unsanitary places at once.

The regular weekly report of the superintendent of health was submitted to the Board and approved. Three permits for excavations were granted.

County Executive Committee.

At a meeting of the County Democratic Executive Committee held last night the following precinct chairmen were appointed to complete the organization of the committee: Fourth precinct of First Ward, J. W. Cate; Masonboro Township, D. J. Fergus; Federal Point, John A. Biddle; Cape Fear, Samuel Blossom; Harnett, Sol. J. Jones; First precinct of Third ward, John H. Beery.

In accordance with the State plan of organization the committee then unanimously elected the following Central Committee to co-operate actively with the County Committee in the work of the campaign: James C. Stevenson, Brooke G. Emple, Walker Taylor, DeWitt C. Love and H. McL. Green.

The Scaffold Fell.

Tony Black, a colored painter, fell from the eave of Mr. B. G. Worth's house yesterday afternoon and sustained painful injuries for which he is now being treated at the City Hospital. The residence is being painted and Black was on a swinging scaffold about 20 feet from the ground when the rope fastenings gave way, precipitating painter and scaffold to the ground. Black's ankle was knocked out of joint and several severe bruises were inflicted. He received an especially severe blow on the left side of his head. Dr. Russell was called and gave needed medical treatment.

The A. C. L. Base Ball Team.

According to previous announcement in the STAR, a meeting of the A. C. L. base ball team was held in the apartments of the League of American Wheelmen. Mr. E. M. Jones presided and there was a good attendance. The boys seem anxious to cross bats with the O. A. N.'s and are impatient for next Saturday to roll around. It will be remembered that Saturday is the date for their first game. The team has not yet been completed, but will be published in a few days. At the meeting last night Sellers was elected assistant captain.

For Tax Assessment Adjustment.

Col. Roger Moore, as chairman of the Board of New Hanover County Commissioners, gives notice in another column that an adjourned meeting of the Board will be held Monday, August 15th, at 2.30 o'clock, for the purpose of hearing complaints as to the reduction of assessments upon property which has been decreased in value by fire and for the increase of assessments where the value has been enhanced by improvement. This is to be the last meeting at which such complaints will be heard.

Died Yesterday Afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Bierman had the sad misfortune yesterday to lose their only daughter, Teresa Mary, aged not quite 2 years. She died of meningitis, after only about twelve hours illness. The funeral will be held this afternoon at 5 o'clock from the residence, No. 412 North Third street.

To Go to Santiago.

The Washington correspondent of the Raleigh *Post* says: "It is stated here to-day that the Third N. C. regiment (colored) will be ordered to Santiago to do garrison duty, along with other "immune" regiments. The statement is not official, but is believed to be correct."

Bargain Week at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

THE DEADLY OIL CAN.

Fatal Accident to Miss Effie Moore, a Popular Young Lady of Kinston.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

KINSTON, N. C., August 8.

Yesterday morning about 11 o'clock Miss Effie, the seventeen-year-old daughter of Mr. L. L. Moore, went to the kitchen to build a fire in the stove to prepare dinner, and, unfortunately, used the oil can. In pouring the oil in the stove it became ignited, the can of oil exploded and her clothes were literally burned from her body before assistance could reach her. While her body was terribly burned, her face was untouched, and her physicians thought that she would recover, though she was in great pain. However, she did not survive, but died last night, having inhaled the flames, it is thought.

Miss Effie was quite popular and her death has cast a gloom over the entire town.

Mr. Pem. Jones' Yacht.

In describing a race between five thirty-footers at Newport last week, in which the *Carolina*, owned by Mr. Pembroke Jones, was the winner, the Neport *News* says:

"After rounding the mark all the boats put for the Jamestown shore, which they kept all the way down to Rose Island. It was in this, the windward work, that the feature of the race was developed. The *Carolina*, *Vaquero III* and *Hera* for half an hour were so close together that one could not cross the others bows. They would come towards each other until it looked as if a collision would follow come about and stand off in opposite directions. It was a pretty sight, each boat being handled with equal skill. It was finally seen that though being outreached by the other boats, the *Carolina* was pointing up closer than her rivals, and to this she can attribute her victory, as she finally found herself in the fore. It was a close finish, however, all three of the boats which had been battling so hard for supremacy finishing inside of 34 seconds. The boats, with the exception of the *Carolina*, were sailed by their owners.

Died in Columbia, S. C.

Engineer Willis Johnson, who was injured in a railroad accident near Columbia, S. C., not long since, died Saturday afternoon in Columbia. The *State* says of him:

Mr. Johnson was known as one of the best engineers on the Atlantic Coast Line, with which he had been connected for the past ten years. He was about thirty years old and was a man of exemplary character. His remains were taken to Florence yesterday noon, where they were interred.

Mr. Johnson was a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, in which order he had his life insured for $3,000.

Broke Camp Yesterday.

The Baptist Boy's Brigade, Capt. H. G. Whitney, which has been encamped at Carolina Beach since Monday, Aug. 1st, broke camp yesterday morning and came home. The boys enjoyed their stay at the beach immensely. Sunday a number of their friends and relatives went down to visit them. They were warmly welcomed.

— Chief Engineer W. A. Furlong and Messrs. Arthur Whitney and R. J. Sellers, of the U. S. S. *Nantucket*, arrived in the city yesterday. Chief Furlong will be here for a week; the others were on a seventy-two hours furlough and had to leave last night, returning to the ship.

DIED.

BIERMAN—In this city, Monday, August 8th, TERESA MARY, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Bierman, aged 1 year and 11 months.

Funeral services will be held this (Tuesday) afternoon at 5 o'clock, from residence 412 North Third street. Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

St. John's Lodge No. 1 A. F. & A. M.

REGULAR MONTHLY COMMUNICATION this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock. A cordial invitation to attend is extended to visiting Brethren.
WM. M. POISSON, Secretary.
au 9 1t

COMMISSIONERS' MEETING.

The Board of Commissioners will convene in adjourned meeting on Monday, August 15, 1898, at 2.30 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of hearing complaints as to the

Reduction of Assessments

upon property which has been decreased in value by fire, and for the INCREASE OF ASSESSMENTS where the value has been enhanced by improvements.

This will be the last meeting at which such complaints will be heard.

Roger Moore,
Chairman Board County Commissioners.
au 9 2t tu sa

25 CASES
Picnic Hams,
CHERRY BRAND,
JUST RECEIVED.
WILL BE SOLD
AT LOWEST PRICE.
R. R. STONE & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
5 and 7 South Water St.
au 9 1t

FORECLOSURE.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in two certain Mortgage Deeds made by W. C. Craft and wife, Jennie C. Craft, to the Mechanic's Home Association, duly recorded in Book 19, page 633, et. seq., and the other in Book No. 20, page 109, et seq., of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned attorney will on Wednesday, August 31st, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, all the undivided interest of W. C. Craft and wife in the land conveyed in said mortgages—as by reference to said mortgages will fully appear—in the following described tract of land in the said State and county, and city of Wilmington, and in Block No. 185, according to the present official plan, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the northern line of Princess street, at a point 66 feet east of its intersection with the eastern line of Eighth street, thence running eastwardly along the northern line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence north and parallel with the said line of Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with the said line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence south and parallel with the said line of Eighth street one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet to the beginning. W. B. McKOY,
Attorney for the Mechanic's Home Association.
au 9 30t

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $80.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 9, 1898.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.

Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.

Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.

Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.

Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.

Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

THE COLOR LINE.

The color line, or rather the race issue, is no new thing. It is as old as humanity and universal. In this country the color line always has been drawn and always will be. It is drawn as sharply in the North, where there is really less reason for drawing it, as it is in the South, where social salvation makes it imperative. There is not a State in the North, including the New England States, where the negro in bygone days has had so many professed friends, where he stands on the same political or social plane that the white man does. With all their professions, when it comes to the test of putting those professions into practice they fail. Who ever heard of a negro being nominated for any office of importance in any Northern State?

Who ever heard of a negro being appointed by a Republican or any other President to any representative position abroad or to any office of high trust at home?

As far as they have yet gone on that line is to appoint a negro as minister to the negro Republic of Hayti, and a negro as comptroller for the District of Columbia, and yet the Republican party is dependent upon the negro vote to carry several of the States, without which it would be defeated in national elections every time.

Isn't that drawing the color line by the party which professes to be the friend and protector of the negro?

And yet no State in the North has anything to fear from negro domination, for the negroes are too much in the minority there to exercise a controlling power in politics. There is not a tithe of the reasons for drawing the line that there are in any State in the South, where the preservation of good government and social order absolutely demand it.

It isn't hostility to the negro race at all; it is simply the law of self preservation, to protect the white man and the white woman and the white child from negro domination, and to protect the negro from himself, for he couldn't rule his way and injure the white man without injuring himself.

But it isn't the Democrats alone who draw the color line in the South, for the Republicans do it, but in a sneaking way. They do it by fooling the negroes and making them believe that the only friends they have are white Republicans and thus they use them to carry elections in which they get all the best of the spoils, all that are worth contending for. But the negroes are catching on to that and in this State, at least, they have begun to demand that the white men who have been buncoing and using them make a more liberal division of the spoils of office. They are becoming very assertive and aggressive and the only reason why they do not dissolve partnership with the small contingent of white men who have been co-operating with them, is that they are not strong enough to fight the Democratic party alone. If they were white office holders would be as few in that party as negro office holders were before the mongrel combine came into power.

The trickaters who are running this combine thought they would fool and placate the negroes, of whom there were some saucy and mouthy ones in the Legislature, by giving them small offices while the combiners secured the big ones. The result of this was that the negro politicians saw that the white manipulators were afraid of them, hence they are demanding more offices and of a more substantial kind, and they will get them, too, if, unhappily, they succeed in carrying the next election.

The bolder spoken of them are already inviting the race issue and have given their white allies who are timid about it to understand that if they don't like it they will have to take it or take to the woods, and are insisting that they have men among them competent to fill any office. They are doing their level best to make the rest of their race believe this.

Where is this thing going to stop? The more the white men who have been using them yield the more assertive and aggressive they will become, until they rule absolutely in the counties or districts where they may be strong enough to rule and have leaders bold enough and shrewd enough to wrest the leadership from the white bosses.

Congressman White (black) of the Second District, gave formal notice in the Republican State Convention at Raleigh that he proposed to invite the race issue in his district. He is the only negro in the Congress of the United States, and this has, perhaps, given him an inflated opinion of his own importance. If he succeeds, and whips the white Republicans and the Populist leaders in to his support, and goes back to Congress again will it stop there?

Will not this encourage the negroes, who are ambitious, to force the race issue in other districts and counties until we have many of them bobbing up as candidates for office, and we will have a dozen in office to the one we have now? Now we have one in Congress, and one who does no credit to his race; we have them as magistrates, as school committeemen, as city councilmen, as policemen and as constables, more of them than there are in all the rest of the States, North and South, combined, and this is but the beginning unless the Democracy triumph in the next election and the battle for white supremacy be won.

But there are other, and stronger than mere political reasons why the color line should be drawn, reasons of the most vital importance, to which we shall refer later.

TOO MUCH NEGROIZING.

There are abundant evidences that many of the honest masses of the Populists in this State have become disgusted with the treachery of their leaders, as they have watched the dickering with the Republicans and have seen the results. When Mr. Atwater, a leading Populist of Chatham county, said they were tired of selling their principles, or rather of having them sold, which was what he meant, he spoke for the honest Populists of his county and State, and there isn't an honest Populist nor an honest man, whatever his politics may be, who will say that there are not good grounds for his indignation.

Mr. P. W. Brawley, of Iredell county, was one of the leading Populists of that county. He, like Mr. Atwater, has become disgusted, has seen through the chicancery and mercenary management of the self-constituted leaders, and in a letter to the Statesville *Mascot* thus severs his connection with the gang and repudiates their infamous desertion of their principles and their treachery to the white people of the State:

"Please allow me space in your paper to say that I have withdrawn from the Populist party, and will again vote the Democratic ticket, believing that all the reforms needed by the people can be secured through that organization as led by Bryan in the nation, Watson in North Carolina and Kluttz and other Democratic nominees for Congress in this State. When Populists are asked to support goldbug Republicans and stand for negroizing the governments of the Eastern counties of our old State, it is time for those former Democrats who joined the Populist party from honest and sincere motives to withdraw and realign themselves with ther bethren in the Democratic party who stand for the white metal and the white man. I have done so.

"P. W. BRAWLEY.

"STATESVILLE, N. C., July 28."

When white Populists (there are no black ones in this State that we know of) are asked "to support goldbug Republicans and to stand by negroizing the governments of the Eastern counties of our old State," that a few small-calibred bosses may live by officeholding, it is time for them to protest and to refuse to be bartered like cattle.

MINOR MENTION.

Here is a pointer for the different counties in the State, whose nominations have not yet been made for county offices. At the recent mass convention in Johnston county twelve candidates were nominated and every one from different townships. The good sense of thus distributing the candidates will be apparent at first sight, for it disposes at once of the ring cry of which the disappointed sometimes make so much use, and it makes every township more directly interested in the campaign, which becomes more of a home affair. The presumption is that the candidates stand well in their respective townships, which may be inferred from the fact that they were nominated by a mass convention and that being the choice of the people direct they have a following in their respective townships, the result of which will be a more general and a livelier interest in the campaign. There would be no hazard in the prediction that the Democratic vote in that county in the coming election will attest the wisdom of this distribution of the candidates.

* * *

A good many of the papers of the country have been paying special attention to the management of the War Department by Secretary Alger, whose latest freak was the proposed Wade excursion to Porto Rico, on which he planned to send 20,000 men, no more than one regiment from any one State. This, in view of the fact that General Miles was having a practical walkover, his army being received by the populace with a warm welcome, and in view of the further fact that negotiations for peace are under way and that the war is regarded as about ended, no one could see why this army of 20,000 men was to be hustled off to Porto Rico. But the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* throws some light on it thus:

"In view of the prospect of a cessation of hostilities, and the fact that our forces in Porto Rico seem to be encountering slight opposition, surprise is expressed that so many additional troops should be hurried off at this time to that island. The forces now in Porto Rico, together with those recently ordered to reinforce them, number about 40,000, and those formed into a division under General Wade will swell the total to about 65,000 men. It is not contended by any military authority that there is the slightest necessity for this large force in Porto Rico, and the opinion is expressed that it is being sent to that island at this time mainly to satisfy the clamor for pushing the troops now in the camps of instruction into the enemy's country before the termination of hostilities."

Upon which the *Ledger* comments as follows:

"Solely for political reasons, to oblige those Congressmen who have importuned the War Department to send regiments from their respective States to the front—the war being over, the fighting done, the victories achieved—Secretary Alger deliberately proposes to entail upon the country the enormous cost of transporting another army to Porto Rico, notwithstanding the army there is five times as strong in numbers, and ten times as strong in every other military requirement, as is that of the enemy, the latter having thus far yielded to every advance made by General Miles without firing a single shot. In view of such extravagant waste of money by the Secretary of War as this movement indicates, it is not surprising that the war is costing a million and a quarter dollars a day. Secretary Alger, if thus recklessly extravagant in one thing with the money of the people, is likely or certain to be extravagant in all things."

Whether it was that Mr. McKinley saw the folly of this excursion programme, or couldn't stand the pressure the excursion has been called off for the present, which means for good.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— There is not enough of Populism left in the State of Alabama to justify the appointment of a receiver.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— Opponents of Secretary Alger are getting much comfort out of General Breckinridge's report of inspection. Somebody has blundered.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— Peru, like Japan, is turning away from her old loves—England and Belgium—and is now purchasing her steel rails from American manufacturers. It will not be many years before the entire world is doing the same thing.—*New York Commercial, Ind.*

—— It is fortunate that the headlong valor of the Americans forced the surrender of Santiago. But for the sheer fighting which won against all odds, the Santiago campaign would now be ending in ignoble failure. The army which Spanish arms could not defeat is repulsed by fever and must come North.—*Philadelphia Press, Rep.*

—— Russell Sage, enjoying his eighty-second birthday, gave these sound rules, that are within the reach of all, for a long life: "Eat good plain food, avoid stimulants, keep regular hours and—work!" But he did not give, indeed he was not asked to give, rules for making the long life worth the living to some one other than the one who lives.—*New York World, Dem.*

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhœa, accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief we sent for a physician, and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days, and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about, and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. BOGGS, Stumptown, Gilmer county, W. Va. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

The Best Remedy for Flux.

Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Windsor *Ledger:* Samuel H. Mosely, a negro from the marshes of the Roanoke, was commissioned a notary public this week. This makes two.

— Goldsboro *Argus:* Her many friends in this city, as elsewhere, will sympathize deeply with Mrs. Charles F. Taylor in the great sorrow that has befallen her in the death of her father, which occurred at his home in Wallace Thursday.

— High Point *Enterprise:* We are informed that on last Wednesday Taylor Macon was run over and killed five miles below Asheboro, on the A. & A. railroad. He and his sister were in a wagon returning from Asheboro to their home, near Why Not, when the accident occurred at a crossing. The woman was not seriously injured.

— Sanford *Express:* Mr. J. Van Lindly's peach orchard at Southern Pines has paid him so well that he expects to plant more trees this Fall. The new orchard will cover forty acres of land. —— Things are humming at the Cumnock pit. It is said that the output of coal is 300 tons per day. A great deal of this coal will be sold to the Seaboard Air Line, and all of it will be sold in North Carolina. It is expected that by the end of the year the shaft will be yielding 500 tons per day.

— Charlotte *Observer:* Mr. John W. Hayes was found yesterday (Saturday) morning at 2 o'clock by the Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta track, near Hilton's, in a dying condition. The person who found him was a negro who gave his name as Sandy Johnson. The negro went to Mr. Beckler, who lived near, and Mr. Beckler aroused Mr. J. M. Herron, for whom Mr. Hayes had been working, and told him of the finding of Mr. Hayes. Mr. Herron and the others hurried to the spot. They found Mr. Hayes lying by the track with his head between two cross-ties, his feet straight out in front of him. He was unconscious, and the blood was oozing from his head. He was picked up and carried to Mr. Jasper Nicholson's, to whom he was related. The supposition naturally was that the unfortunate man had been struck by the train. Dr. Strong was sent for. He made an examination of the man's wounds and found evidences, not of the man having been struck by the train, but by a sharp tool, as an axe or hatchet. There were five distinct wounds on his head. The skull was not crushed, as was at first supposed, but was cut.

All present were convinced of the fact that the unfortunate man, who was lying before them in a dying condition, had been foully dealt with. Every thing possible was done for him, but he died at about 6.30.

TWINKLINGS.

— He—"I know how to manage my wife." She—"Why don't you then!" He—"She's so obstinate she won't let me."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Mother—"Some men, you know, can be coaxed when they cannot be driven." Married Daughter—"Oh, yes; but I should hate to be compelled to resort to persuasion."—*Puck.*

— "Hampsley worked hard for three years trying to get a public office." "Indeed! What's he doing now?" "Not a thing." "Why, how can he afford that?" "He got the office."—*Chicago News.*

— Waiter—"What's your order, ma'am?" Guest (from Upcreek)—"I'll take some beefsteak." Waiter—"Medium, ma'am?" Guest (highly indignant)—"No, I'm not, young man! I don't believe in spirit rappin's!"

— "Papa, I want a pug dog; they're so 'ristocratic-lookin'." "Bobby, what do you mean by aristocratic-looking?" "Why, they looks like they'd git hoppin' mad if they had ter git a'quainted with anybody."—*Brooklyn Life.*

Young Husband—"Well, my dear, did you succeed in finding a stove to suit you?" Young Wife—"Indeed, I did. Such good luck! I got a stove that will never cost us a cent for coal. The dealer said it was a self-feeder."—*New York Weekly.*

— Not His Old Self—"Is your husband very much interested in the war?" inquired the neighbor. "Interested!" echoed young Mrs. Torkins. "I never saw his mind so occupied with anything. Sometimes he has to think twice before he can tell whether the Bostons or the Cincinnatis are ahead."—*Washington Star.*

— Several men were talking about how they happened to marry. "I married my wife," said one after the others had all had their say, "because she was different from any other woman I ever met." "How was that?" chorused the others. "She was the only woman I ever met who would have me," and there was a burst of applause.—*Tit-Bits.*

An Ill Wind.

As they entered the horse car both men put their hands into their pockets in search of the fare.

"That's all right, old man," said the one as he fished out a dollar bill.

"Go on!" replied the other, shoving the hand with the bill aside. "I've the change right here."

"But it's my treat," returned his friend. "Besides, I need the change anyhow."

"Don't take that bill, conductor," said the man with the dime in his hand. "I'm paying for this."

"Not much, you ain't," insisted the other, holding his friend's hand and trying to poke the dollar bill within reach of the conductor.

"Stop that now," cried the man with the dime. "If you won't listen to reason, let's match to see who'll pay."

"I'll go you," replied the other.

The man spun the dime in the air.

"Heads!" cried his friend.

Whether it was heads or tails will never be known, for just then the car gave a lurch and the coin dropped between the slats and rolled out of sight.

"I said you wouldn't pay this anyhow," laughed the other as he handed the conductor the dollar bill and put the change in his pocket.

When the men left the car, the conductor came along and fished out the dime with a jackknife. As he whacked it up with the driver he said, with a wink, "It's a good thing for us, Bill, that all the fools ain't dead yet."—New York World.

An Enterprising Druggist.

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than R. R. BELLAMY, who spares no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Call at above drug store and get a trial bottle free, or a regular size for 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THEY FIGHT IT OUT.

HOW ENGLISH ARMY OFFICERS SETTLE THEIR DIFFERENCES.

The Plebeian and the Peer—How One Regiment Was Opened to Others Than Offshoots of the Peerage—How "Molly" Crushed the Cheeky Youngster.

In view of the disgraceful duel between the Duke of Orleans and the Count of Turin we publish the following article which shows the manner in which British officers settle disputes:

Officers have their disagreements, of course, like other men, and they have to be settled. Dueling is forbidden by law as well as by modern ideas and common sense. Complaints respecting infractions of mess etiquette or of ungentlemanly or unsoldierly conduct may be submitted to the mess committee, the punitive powers of which are extremely farreaching. The life of an officer "sent to Coventry" by his fellows is unendurable, and his only chance is to exchange.

But all this is moral suasion only, and in the end disputes are frequently settled by a resort to first principles—the rule of fist—while redress is sometimes obtained in ways as drastic as they are novel.

A gentleman joined a crack cavalry regiment. He had no pedigree or family to recommend him. In fact, his father was a retired brewer, and by the scions of nobility among his comrades he was rather coldly received.

"Are you the son of Dash, the brewer?" inquired one of these.

"I am."

"Then why didn't your father bring you up to his trade?"

"Oh, well, you're the son of Lord Blank, aren't you?"

"Yes."

"Then why didn't he bring you up a gentleman?"

The upshot of this was a rough and tumble, wherein was demonstrated that in the army a plebeian is the equal of a peer—if he can box as well.

Another gentleman from the ranks of trade came home one day to find all the crockery and breakable articles in his rooms smashed, the same being intended by the wreckers as a delicate hint that his presence among them was objectionable.

He was late for dinner that evening and apologized to the president of the mess for it, explaining what had happened—that he had been to the rooms of the three he suspected and returned the compliment; if he had wronged any, he would apologize and restore the articles; if he had hit on the right ones, they could have satisfaction in the riding school after dinner.

Accordingly, after dinner, two of them received satisfaction in full, a la Corbett, in drill time, but the third proved a tougher nut to crack, and the big hearted plebeian (who, by the bye, is now a general), weakened by his exertions, was getting worsted, so another of the same social status who was an expert boxer took up the running.

He soon finished off the third man and obligingly offered to take on any one who sympathized with the trio. By this means—appropriate to their profession—these two officers opened the door in that regiment to others than offshoots of the peerage, by whom it had previously been regarded as a preserve.

Among officers exchanging from one regiment to another is common. One little man, a lieutenant, incurred the enmity of the men of his troop by continually finding fault and rubbing it in by contrasting them unfavorably with his late corps till they hated the very name of the "Pinks," as we'll call them.

Not only the rank and file, but the noncommissioned officers, came in for his animadversion till it got unbearable, and at last the troop sergeant major told the captain quietly that there would be a mutiny in the troop before long if it continued.

It so happened that he had also carried his insulting comparisons into the mess, and as he wouldn't take advice and "drop it" his brother officers took the matter into their own hands, with the result that one cold night in February there was a hubbub within the officers' quarters, a window was presently opened, and little "Joey," clad only in his nightshirt, was handed out, seized, placed and held down in a handbarrow, wheeled off to the manure heap and there shot out, to make his way back to bed as best he could. He soon after left the regiment.

The antipodes of this gentleman was an officer in the same regiment, an Irishman, 6 feet 3 and big in proportion, but his "go" was not proportionate to his size. He was too big and apathetic for a cavalry captain. In fact, his nickname, "Molly," well describes him. One "cheeky" youngster appeared to think he could take any liberties with such an easy going mountain of flesh, and in the billiard room one night he carried his impudence beyond all reason.

"Molly" said nothing. He simply dropped his cue, picked the offender up and sat him violently down on a side table, ignorant or heedless of the fact that upon it were standing glasses and decanters.

It was some time before the surgeons picked the last piece of glass out of the impertinent one and weeks before he could appear in the saddle again. It is scarcely necessary to say that he gave "Molly" Maguire a wide berth after that.—Pearson's Weekly.

Brimming With Charity.

Cipollini, a gem of a husband, never allows an opportunity to slip without extolling to the skies the excellent qualities of his better half. "My wife," he was heard to remark the other day, "is so kind, so indulgent toward everybody, that, even when speaking ill of other people, she does not believe a word of it herself."—Settimand.

Life.

Life has no other origin than life itself, and this is one of the great truths which the labors of pathologists and biologists of the present century have established beyond the possibility of a doubt. If the life that is taken from life is taken from a highly developed life, so will be the wife that is taken. My earnest hope and belief is that the final mystery of life, the key to life, the principle which keeps life alive, will be solved by the biologists before all the members of the present congress are dead.—Professor Virchow to International Congress at Moscow, Aug. 19, 1897.

Remarkable Mirages.

The Sudan expedition, while engaged in laying the new Nile railway, saw some remarkable mirages. From a distance the men appeared to be working in a beautiful lake, and on all sides were to be seen lakes, beautifully wooded hills, ships and cascades. When looked at through fieldglasses the illusion was heightened rather than diminished.

Imitation slates, made of compressed wood pulp, are used for roofing in Christiania. They are made waterproof by a secret process.

The population of Egypt is now about 9,000,000 and probably exceeds that of the period of its greatest ancient prosperity.

THE BLACK PRINCE'S ARMY.

The Largest English Fleet Ever Assembled Took the Soldiers to France.

Mr. W. O. Stoddard's serial, "With the Black Prince," gives in St. Nicholas an account of the splendid army that accompanied the prince to the battle of Crecy. Mr. Stoddard says:

It was the largest English fleet yet assembled, and the army going on board was also the best with which any English king had ever put to sea. It consisted of picked men only. Of these, 4,000 were men-at-arms, 6,000 were Irish, 12,000 were Welsh, but the most carefully trained and disciplined part of the force consisted of 10,000 bowmen. During a whole year had Edward and his son and his generals toiled to select and prepare the men and the weapons with which they were to meet the highly famed chivalry of the continent. An army selected from a nation of perhaps 4,000,000 of people was to contend with an army collected from France with her 20,000,000, and from such allies of hers as Germany and Bohemia, re-enforced by large numbers of paid mercenaries. Among these latter were the crossbowmen of Genoa sold to Philip by the masters of that Italian oligarchy.

Edward's adventure had a seeming of great rashness, for already it was reported that the French king had mustered 100,000 men. Full many a gallant cavalier in armor of proof may well have wondered to hear, moreover, that Edward III. accounted the foremost general of his time, proposed to meet superior numbers of the best lances of Europe with lightly armored men on foot. They knew not yet of the new era that was dawning upon the science of war. Edward and his bowmen were to teach the world more than one new lesson before that memorable campaign was over. Before this he had shown what deeds might be wrought upon the sea by ships prepared and manned and led by himself. He had so crippled the naval power of his enemies that there was now no hostile fleet strong enough to prevent his present undertaking, although Philip had managed to send out some scores of cruisers to do whatever harm they could.

The region between the first and second cataracts of the Nile is the hottest on the globe. It never rains there, and the natives do not believe foreigners who tell them that water can descend from the sky.

The Roman houses and palaces were so imperfectly lighted that in many living rooms the inmates were forced to depend on lamps by day as well as by night.

How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach is disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health, and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good Alterative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys, purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. 50 cents per bottle. †

The Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that State, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12¾
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	6¾	@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	6¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 32
New City, each		@	1 10
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	20
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	51
Virginia Meal		@	51
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	20
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½	@	12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	8	@	9
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	15	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	10	@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 3 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	4 25	@	4 50
First Patent		@	5 25
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	52½
Car load, in bags—White		@	50
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green		@	8
Dry		@	10
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1½	@	3
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	6½	@	7
North Carolina	5	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 20
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	30 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	16 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	30
Barbadoes in barrels		@	32
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	13	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40	@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	11 00	@	11 00
Rump		@	12 00
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	20
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	70	@	75
American	70	@	75
On 100 ℔ Sacks		@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 00
Common	1 60	@	1 85
Cypress Reps	2 50	@	3 00
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5½	@	5¾
Standard A		@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Falls		@	6 00
Common Mill		@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed—			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 00	@	8 00
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
4x24 Heart	3 50	@	4 00
" Sap	3 00	@	3 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	4½
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 80	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 80	@	2 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	11

GOLD DUST
THE BEST WASHING POWDER

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 26 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 25½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.00 per bbl for strained and 97½c for good strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.10 per of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.00 per barrel for Hard, $1.50 for Dip, and $1.50 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm, 24½c, 24c; rosin quiet $1.20, $1.25; tar quiet, $1.15; crude turpentine quiet, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	107
Rosin	334
Tar	116
Crude turpentine	41

Receipts same day last year.—67 casks spirits turpentine, 360 bbls rosin, 72 bbls tar, 36 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5⅝c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Good Ordinary	3 3-16 cts	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4¼	" "
Low Middling	5 3-16	" "
Middling	5⅝	" "
Good Middling	5¾	" "

Same day last year, middling 9c.

Receipts—4 bales; same day last year, 0.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 60 to 65c per bushel of 28 pounds; extra prime, 70c; fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra prime, 75c; fancy, 75c; Spanish, 70@80c.

CORN—Firm; 52½ to 55 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.00 to 1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six-inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to .50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 8.—Money on call steadier at 1¼@2 per cent., last loan being at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange steady; actual business in bankers' bills 483½@483¾ for demand and 483¾@484 for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@485 and 486@486½. Commercial bills 482½@483. Silver certificates 58½@59. Bar silver 59. Mexican dollars 45½. Government bonds firm; U. S. new 4's, registered, 127¼@128½; do. coupon, 127¾@128¼; U. S. 4's 111½@112½; do. coupon, 111½@112½; U.S. 2's, 97; U.S. 5's, registered, 112@113; do. 5's, coupon, 112@113. State bonds dull; N. C. 6's 125; 4's 103½.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 8.—Rosin quiet. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, August 8.—Spirits turpentine steady at 24½c; no sales. Rosin quiet and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, August 8.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26c bid; reported sales of 128 casks at 26¼c; receipts 1,082 casks. Rosin firm; sales 601 barrels; receipts 3,487 barrels; quotations unchanged.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 8.—There was but little speculative interest shown in cotton to-day. After the opening at unchanged prices to an advance of 2 points on covering (followed by more favorable cables than had been expected) the market commenced to sag in the absence of outside support and sold off 2@4 points. Southern selling orders were a feature. The market closed dull, one to three points net lower.

NEW YORK, August 8.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 6 1-16.

Cotton futures closed dull; August 5.80c, September 5.90c, October 5.95c, November 5.96c, December 5.99c

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher *on every wrapper. This is the original "CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher, M. D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

AN EVENING WITH DICKENS.

How the Great Author and His People Can Be Studied by Literary Clubs.

"For an evening with Dickens," advises Fannie Mack Lothrop, writing of "Evenings For Literary Clubs" in The Ladies' Home Journal, "one of the items of the programme might be a sketch of his life condensed into about 200 words. The Dickens-drawings by Charles Dana Gibson might be cut from The Journal and hung up before the audience and the story of each character and incident illustrated told. The trial from 'Pickwick' could be arranged for individual reading or for a number to take part in it. A bright paper may be written on 'The People of Dickens' World.' In Dickens' works there are 1,550 separate characters, enough to people a whole village.

"Some of Dickens' poems have been set to music—notably 'The Ivy Green'—and would make a pleasant feature. Anecdotes of Dickens might be given by ten or a dozen members, each giving one. These might be interspersed through the programme. A member with any cleverness in photography might make a series of Dickens' lantern slides from pictures in standard editions of the novelist's works and give a magic lantern entertainment. The death of Paul Dombey would make a pathetic reading from 'Dombey and Son.' Mrs. Jarley's waxworks, as described in 'The Old Curiosity Shop,' could be given with some of the members grouped as characters in the famous show and designated, as Little Nell did, with a pointer."

The "Gallery Gods."

The frequenters of the lofty gallery of any theater have a good deal to do with the making or marring of any new play. Yet that is not how they acquire their title of "gods." As a matter of fact, the origin of the expression is this: Years ago Drury Lane theater had its ceiling painted to resemble a blue sky with clouds, among which white Cupids were flying in every direction. This ceiling extended over the gallery, whose occupants thus appeared to be very near heaven. Hence the expression arose of "gallery gods."—London Answers.

All Quiet There.

"I'm glad to know," remarked Miss Cayenne, "that Mr. and Mrs. Jinkles are living far more happily than they were formerly."

"Indeed?"

"Yes. I am informed that they have not spoken to each other for weeks."—London Tit-Bits.

Beware of Imitations

LEA & PERRINS' The Original & Genuine Worcestershire SAUCE

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, AGENTS, NEW YORK.

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SEASHORE HOTEL,
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH N. C.

GEORGE CAMPBELL, Proprietor.
R. E. CRAWFORD, Manager.

Open for the Season.

New and beautiful building sprinkled by the spray of Old Ocean and yet twenty miles away from slightest danger by invasion. New and handsome furnishings with all modern conveniences. CUISINE up to highest standard of excellence. Drinking water furnished by artesian well. Daily concerts by Hotel Orchestra. Come to Wrightsville Sound for cooling summer breezes and matchless view of Atlantic Ocean.
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SALEM
Academy and College.

For nearly 100 years this institution for the higher education of young women has occupied the very front rank, and was never more numerously attended than now. It is not only provided with a high-grade College Course, but has experts in all of its special schools of Music, Art, Elocution, Commercial and Industrial Studies. We will be pleased to send catalogue on application. Term begins Sept. 3d.

JOHN H. CLEWELL, Principal,
Salem, North Carolina.
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Blue Ridge Springs **The Favorite Summe Rresort** of the Virginia Mountains. Twenty six consecutive seasons under the management of PHIL. F. BROWN.
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CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. **Sold by Druggists,** or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

SAMPLE CORPSE.

Scheme of an Ohio Undertaker For Advertising Embalming.

An Ohio undertaker named Pearce doesn't allow sentiment to interfere with business. He can't see why the shoemaker adjoining his establishment should advertise his skill by displaying his samples, or the tailor across the street hang his latest sartorial confection in his front window, while the embalmer's good work has to find a lodgment beneath six feet of earth almost as soon as it has been accomplished.

Mark Twain, when he was shown the mummy of a Pharaoh who lived in the time of Moses, shrugged his shoulders with contemptuous indifference and remarked to the curator of the museum:

"Haven't you got a corpse that is a little fresher?"

All Mark has to do is to visit the funeral direction establishment of Mr. Pearce at Ardmore. There he will probably find something more to his fastidious fancy in the shape of a sample of embalming, kept on view by Mr. Pearce for inspection by his customers. The "subject" has now done service for a period of three years, and the proprietor confidently expects that it will last as long as he remains in business.

The body in question has been in the very warmest workroom of his establishment all this while, and the leather-like flesh of the corpse is totally free from odor or putrefaction. Some say the hair on a body will grow after death. This probably originated in the mind of a dramatist or novelist, who wanted to sensationalize his readers to sell his books, for there lies Mr. Pearce's dead man, with his very last hair cut the same as it was two or three years ago. Then some say that the hair will fall out, but you couldn't pull the hair out of that body with tweezers. Each hair seems to be particularly riveted into the hardening leather and bone. Even the fuzzy, lighter hairs of all other parts of the body remain the same as they were at death.

Formaldeheyde, a product of wood alcohol, and a comparatively recent product, is the fluid with which the body was embalmed, and Mr. Pearce says that there is now a fluid, with other elements added, that is far better than the 140 ounces, or a little over one gallon—$8 worth—of the formaldeheyde used for the dessication of the body in question.—New York Herald.

A New Use For Organ Grinders.

A well dressed woman lately entered a Paris jeweler's shop and asked to see some valuable gold pins. While she was examining them a man began playing a barrel organ before the door. The music seemed to annoy the lady, and, stepping to the door, she threw a piece of money to the man and told him to go away, which he did at once.

On returning to the counter she said that none of the pins suited her, but that as some compensation for the trouble she had given she would buy a brooch. She accordingly chose one, paid 10 francs for it and was leaving the shop when the jeweler missed a diamond pin of great value from among those she had been examining. He accordingly stopped his customer, who seemed highly indignant and insisted on the proprietor's wife searching her, which was done, but no pin was found.

The jeweler then set his sister to watch the woman, who was seen to enter another jeweler's shop, and was pretending to make a purchase when the organ grinder made his appearance. As soon as he began playing she again threw some money and ordered him to move on, but the person who was watching her perceived that with the money she had given the man a piece of jewelry. This was at once made known to the police, who arrested both, and on searching the man they found several articles of stolen property.—Paris Letter.

The Army Officer's Trunk.

The army officer's trunk, which is an article of limited but regular sale in peace times, being sold chiefly to regular army officers, is a stout, well made trunk of rather generous proportions, so divided inside as to afford spaces for both military and civilian attire. There is a place for an officer's chapeau and one for the silk hat of a civilian and room for the different clothing, and the trunk is large enough to admit a sword laid diagonally. A trunk of this sort is made not of sole leather, as might be supposed, to withstand rough wear, but with a rigid frame, so that it can be roped or strapped on to a load or packed with other things piled on it in the exigencies of wagon or other transportation without being crushed or damaged.—New York Sun.

Broadly speaking, the essential difference between merchant ships and warships is that the former are designed to carry their loads or principal portions thereof low down in the hold, whereas warships have to carry their heavy burdens of armor and armament high up on their sides.

A Disturbing Diagnosis!

Doctor—Well, it's 10 to 1 you won't see me tomorrow.

Patient—What! Any d-danger, doctor?

Doctor—Oh, no. Those are merely my office hours.—Harper's Bazar.

JOYS OF THE BLIND.

THERE ARE MANY PLEASURES IN THEIR LIVES, SAYS ONE OF THEM.

Increased Enjoyment From Other Senses. They Go to the Theater, the Opera and the Parks, and Some of Them Travel. Marvin Clark, the Blind Journalist.

A blind man's life is by no means without its joys. His days are not spent in sightless sorrow. He has his pleasures, all the keener perhaps because he is deprived of the great one of looking at people and things. Marvin R. Clark, who is known among his friends as the blind journalist, believes that the joys far outweigh the sorrows in the lives of those born blind or deprived of sight.

"A general opinion prevails among people who can see," he said, "that when a person becomes blind he becomes helpless. That idea is the greatest handicap a blind man has to contend against and his greatest task is to wear it away. Blind people are just as self reliant and just as brave as people who can see.

"You ask me how the blind man amuses himself, what joy he finds in life. A blind man amuses himself just like one who can see—according to his tastes, provided he has the money. It is nine years since I became totally blind and in all that time I have found my greatest source of recreation in my literary work. I have continued to write fiction and special stories for papers in and out of town. Since I returned from the Bermudas I've written two comedies and a novel of 130,000 words and in all of this work I've found the keenest pleasure.

"Many blind men are very fond of the theater. I seldom go on account of my ill health, but when I do I enjoy it thoroughly. Of course I can't see the beautiful scenery and costumes or watch the facial expressions of the players, but I get much pleasure from the play just the same, though I wouldn't if I went alone. I always go with a friend and obtain my enjoyment almost entirely through him, just as a person who can see partakes of the enjoyment of a companion. There is a bond of sympathy between two persons who are friends, and the pleasure felt by one communicates itself to the other. It is different with the opera, and I get a sense of enjoyment out of that, all my own, which can never come from a play or any speaking part. A blind man usually possesses all of his other senses, and they improve to a degree that compensates in a measure for the loss of sight. His sense of taste grows stronger, and he is able to enjoy his food more. The touch becomes finer, and he is better able to appreciate the texture of objects. The hearing is rendered more acute, and I have not the slightest doubt that people who are blind hear sweet sounds that are never heard by men who can see. However, the other senses are never so strengthened as to offset the loss of sight. If I had it, I would willingly, eagerly give the wealth of all the world to recover my sight, and any other blind man will tell you the same thing. I can't see anything that is beautiful. A flower is given to me, and I am told that it is beautiful, but I cannot see its beauties for myself. I can only touch and smell it. Some one tells me that a magnificent building is going up. I can only ask what style of architecture it is, how many stories high, what material is being used, and so on, and then picture in my mind what it looks like. I can't enjoy a beautiful bit of scenery, a vessel on the water, the facial expressions of those to whom I talk. I can only be told about these things and see them in imagination, which is more often wrong than right.

"We blind people make a great many mistakes, especially concerning the personality of those we meet. Of course we judge a man largely by his voice. For instance, if I meet a man with a full, deep voice, I immediately picture him to myself as being a tall, stout fellow, middle aged, with black hair, a full black beard and very well dressed. Nine times out of ten if I ask for a description of him after he is gone some one says, 'Oh, he's a little chap, with a little sandy mustache, about 25 years old and very shabbily dressed.'

"There are three sources from which a blind man can derive almost as much pleasure as one who sees. They are walking, driving and traveling. None of us is too poor to walk and many blind men are brave enough to walk about the city streets alone. Others, who are totally blind, are too nervous to do this. The great majority of persons said to be blind are not totally blind. I am.

"Nearly every blind man enjoys a long walk through the park in summer or along one of the avenues in winter. He feels the beauty and life and motion about him, and that is more than a great many who see these things do. The blind enjoy driving just as much as they do walking, and I am sure that the blind man who can afford to keep his own turnout or hire one every day is much better in health and spirits.

"It will be hard for you who see to believe that a blind man can get any pleasure out of traveling in strange countries, I suppose. Well, he can. I spent eight months in Bermuda, and I never enjoyed a stay anywhere as I did that trip. It was far more beautiful to me than any place I ever visited before I lost my sight. The descriptions I had read of the place were not equal to nature in any way. My enjoyment was in the climate and in the peculiarities of the people. I knew that they were out of the usual by their conversation and by the descriptions that I heard. Most people think that the blind are inclined to draw themselves into their shells, to grow morose and cynical. I am a member of the Press club and used to go there a great deal once. When Colonel Cockerill was president, he often said to me:

" 'Marvin, you are the happiest man I know,' and he wondered at it. One day he said to me, 'How do your thoughts tend? Were you never downhearted?'

" 'Yes, colonel,' I answered. 'No human being was ever so downhearted as I was during the five years I felt my sight going from me. It was like passing through the dark valley of the shadow of death. When I looked at things, I would say, "This may be my last look." I went about the city looking at certain houses and places. I looked at objects about my room, I looked at the people I loved, realizing that my sight was fading day by day and tried to burn certain pictures on my brain. I was most miserable. On Thanksgiving morning, 1888, the last vestige of sight faded, and when my mother came into my room I said, "Mother, it has all gone." Then my happiness returned to me. The agony was over.' "—New York Sun.

Within the last 20 years 120 new peerages in Great Britain have been created, while 54 have become extinct. Nearly half the peers and baronets have inherited or received their titles within the last ten years.

Mental Telegraphy.

"Let me take your hat, John, dear. I'll close the door. You're tired, I know. Give me another kiss. What's one?"

"Thank you, my dear. You are very thoughtful."

"Of you always, to be sure, you poor, dear boy. I have the nicest supper for you. Look—some lovely biscuits, the kind of cake you like best and your favorite preserves too!"

"How kind of you."

"Not at all. It's a wife's duty, you know, to study her husband's wishes and comfort."

"Why, so it is! I had quite forgotten that."

"Now, John, aren't you pleased?"

"Oh, of course, of course, my darling, only"—

"Well, only"—

"Nothing, nothing—but you've been down town this afternoon, haven't you?"

"Why, John, how did you guess? Yes."

"And to the milliner's?"

"You're a mind reader."

"No, not at all." (After a reflective pause.) "Well, here it is."

"Oh, John, $10—you dear, sweet, good hubby."

"Um—yes—ain't I? But, come on, let's have that delicious supper now. I need it." (To himself, as he spreads his first biscuit) "Mind reader—I guess so! I thought she was talking through her hat, and she was."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

THE CLOVE TREE.

How the Buds Are Prepared For the Uses of Commerce.

The clove tree is a native of the Molucca islands and belongs to the far-spread family of myrtles. It is a tall, very handsome evergreen, with ovate, oblong leaves and purplish flowers, arranged in corymbs on short jointed stalks. The flowers are produced in great profusion, and when they appear, which is at the beginning of the rainy season, they are in the form of elongated, greenish buds. These unexpanded buds are the cloves of commerce, which derive their name from the Spanish word clavo, "a nail," so called from the real or fancied resemblance of the bud to a nail.

Sometimes the clove fruit appears in commerce in a dried state, under the name of "mother cloves." It has an odor and flavor similar to cloves, but is much weaker.

The flower buds are beaten from the tree and are dried by the smoke of wood fires and afterward by the sun. If the buds remain on the trees, the calices gradually swell, the embryo seeds enlarge and the pungent properties of the cloves are to a great degree dissipated.

Cloves consist of two parts, a round head, which is, in fact, the flower rolled up, inclosing a number of small filaments, and the four points that surround the flower and form the flower cup of the unripe seed vessel. When they are soaked for a short time in hot water, the flowers soften and readily unroll, so that all of the parts may be seen.

The entire clove tree is highly aromatic, and the foot stalks of the leaves have nearly the same pungent quality as the calyx of the flower.—Philadelphia Times.

LIGHTNING BUGS.

Taken For the Enemy's Fire, They Led to a Pitched Battle.

G. H. Bell, a prominent merchant of Liberty, Neb., told an interesting story of how a swarm of lightning bugs caused a shot and shell engagement between two armies during the late war.

"I was a member of the Twenty-fifth Ohio regiment," said Mr. Bell, "and Mr. G. W. Harris, whom I met on my visit here, was with the Fifty-fifth Tennessee. I just discovered that we fought each other one night in May, 1864, at New Hope Church, Ga. Lightning bugs in Georgia are more plentiful than watermelons in August by several millions to the square mile, and on more than one occasion they gave us trouble.

"About 2 o'clock in the morning as the two armies lay in their respective works, 400 yards apart, a nest of bugs hove in sight, as we afterward learned. The armies were too close for pickets. Suddenly there was a flash of light. Each side thought the other had opened fire in some mysterious way, and we began to shoot. We blazed away at one another for an hour or more and Bedlam reigned with shot and shell. The timber between the lines was all killed as if belted with an ax. Fortunately no lives were lost.

"It was only the other day that I learned the extent of the damage caused by that swarm of lightning bugs. I asked Harris how long his side was firing, and he said until their ammunition gave out. We were in the same fix, and if it hadn't been for our poverty in this respect that engagement would have been terribly fatal."—St. Louis Republic.

Certain Irish Stories.

A Roman deacon was sent for to baptize a baby. In the cabin he could find no water, but there was a pot of tea. "Tea," he reasoned, "contains water, the rest is but accident," and proceeded to pour out a cup. But it was strong, even to blackness, so he went in search of water, and, having found some, watered the tea down to a more reasonable color, christened the baby with it, and reported the circumstance, as a case of conscience, to his superior. It had not occurred to him, having found the water, to use it by itself.

Here is a tutor's letter of condolence to a bereaved parent. This was unkindly attributed to Oxford. The tutor wrote, "I am sincerely grieved to hear the sad news of your son's death, but I must inform you he would have had to go down in any case, as he had failed to satisfy the examiners in classical moderations."

One other story, I may add here, as it serves to illustrate a certain disparity often noticeable between Saxon and Celtic word values, and also the way in which Irish orators discount their own rhetoric. A home ruler was haranguing on English terrorism, and after drawing a horrid picture of babies speared on the points of bayonets, etc., he concluded: "If that's your civilization, you may keep it. I call it most improper."—Cornhill Magazine.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

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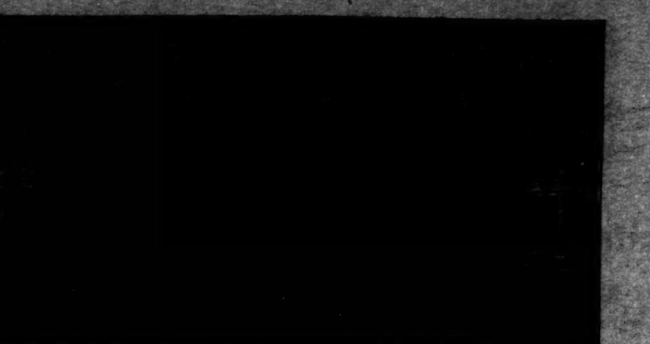

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Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Straw berries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.
The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.
Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.
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One Nicely Furnished Room, suitable for one or two young men, with or without board. Apply to 116 Dock street, or to 11 South Front street. jy 31 tf

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.,
Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder has disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,
Yours, Respectfully, &c.,
CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

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This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

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SEABOARD AIR LINE. VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Schedule in Effect May 29, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:15 p.m., Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:33 p. m., Hamlet 6:53 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:50 a. m., Raleigh 3:40 p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 6:56 p. m., Athens 3:43 a. m., and Atlanta 5:20 a. m.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m., leaves Weldon 11:28 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 3:53 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 5:23 a. m., Wadesboro 5:53 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:35 a. m., Shelby 11:37 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:13 p. m., Atlanta 2:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:19 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m. Leaves Charlotte 5:10 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a. m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 2:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:20 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a. m., Maxton 9.05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p. m., Charlotte 8:28 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:02 a. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:20 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule

In Effect July 3rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 Daily.
Leave Wilmington	8 30 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	11 40 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 50 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 54 "
Leave Sanford	1 08 P. M.
Leave Climax	3 10 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 40 "
Leave Greensboro	3 50 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 37 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 07 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 36 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 00 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 Daily.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 13 P. M
Leave Climax	12 42 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 49 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. Daily.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3 Daily.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 09 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS:

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

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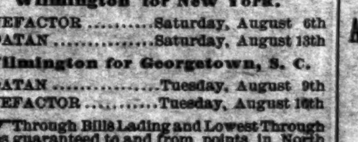

New York for Wilmington.
CROATAN .... Saturday, August 6th
BENEFACTOR .... Saturday, August 13th

Wilmington for New York.
BENEFACTOR .... Saturday, August 6th
CROATAN .... Saturday, August 13th

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
CROATAN .... Tuesday, August 9th
BENEFACTOR .... Tuesday, August 16th

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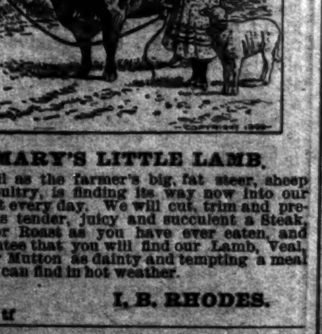

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I. B. RHODES.
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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 28, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12:03 a. m., Wilson 12:49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Tarboro 2:31 p. m., Weldon 3.25 p. m., Petersburg 5.34 p. m., Richmond 6:40 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:03 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:53 a. m., †Boston 3:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:57 p. m., Weldon 1:48 a. m., †Norfolk 10:15 a. m., Petersburg 3:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:02 a. m., Philadelphia 11:25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:13 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4:56 p. m., Chadbourn 5:38 p. m., Marion 6:34 p. m., Florence 7:15 p. m., Sumter 9:32 p. m., Columbia 10:50 p. m., Denmark 6:12 a. m., Augusta 7:55 a. m., Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:35 p. m., Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah 1:50 a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 6:05 p. m.

ARRIALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1:03 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a. m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:02 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:10 a. m., Weldon 11:50 a. m., Tarboro 12:20 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:10 p. m., Wilson 2:20 p. m., Goldsboro 3:05 p. m., Warsaw 2:59 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:25 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:30 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., *Norfolk 2:20 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., †Tarboro 6:00 p. m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6:22 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7:58 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville 10:26 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:07 p. m., Jacksonville 8:00 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7:50 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 2:30 p. m., Denmark 4:17 p. m., Sumter 6:06 a. m., Florence 8:55 a. m., Marion 9:34 a. m., Chadbourn 10 30 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11:09 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:15 p. m., Halifax 4:30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7:10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfied 9.00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount .05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11 20 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 2.45 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.06 a. m., arrive Latta 9.24 a. m., Dillon 9.35 a. m., Rowland 9.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.20 p. m., Latta 6.35 p. m., Pee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9:25 a. m., Chadbourn 10:43 a. m.; arrive Conway 12:40 p. m.; leave Conway 2:45 p. m., Chadbourn 5:30 p. m.; arrive Hub 6:10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6:05 p. m., Manning 6:35 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7:13 p. m.; leave Lane's 8:34 a. m., Manning 9:08 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9:37 a. m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9:30 a. m., 7:40 p. m.; arrive Georgetown 12:00 m., 9:00 p. m.; leave Georgetown 7:00 a. m.; 3:30 p. m.; arrive Lane's 8:25 a. m.; 5:55 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:45 a. m.; arrive Darlington 9:18 a. m., Cheraw 10:50 a. m., Wadesboro 2:25 p. m.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:25 p. m.; arrive Darlington 8.50 p. m., Hartsville — p. m., Bennettsville 9:46 p. m., Gibson 10:10 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only 8.30 a. m., arrive Darlington 9:20 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6:25 a. m., Bennettsville 6:40 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:40 a. m. Leave Darlington 7:45 a. m.; arrive Florence 8:10 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3:00 p. m., Cheraw 5:15 p. m., Hartsville 2:15 a. m., Darlington 6.29 a. m.; arrive Florence 7:00 p. m. Leave Darlington Sunday only 7.50 a. m., arrive Florence 8.15 a. m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2:17 p. m., 11:13 p. m.; arrive Selma 2.50 p. m., 11:58 p. m., Smithfield 3:02 p. m., Dunn 3:30 p. m., Fayetteville 4:25 p. m., 1:07 a. m., Rowland 6:00 p. m.; returning leave Rowland 9.50 a. m. Fayetteville 11:10 a. m., 10:35 p. m., Dunn 11:50 p. m., Smithfield 12:28 p. m., Selma 12:35 p. m. and 11:44 p. m., arrive Wilson 1:17 p. m., 12:19 a. m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4:29 a. m., Creston 5:17 a. m.; arrive Denmark 6:12 a. m. Returning leave Denmark 4:17 p. m., Creston 5:13 p. m., Sumter 6:33 p. m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5:45 a. m.; arrive Pregnalls 9:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10:00 a. m.; arrives Creston 3:50 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

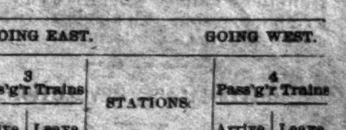
Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11:10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; arrive Lucknow 1:00 p. m. and 8:30 p. m. Returning, leave Lucknow 6:05 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.; arrive Elliot 8:25 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager my 22 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	....
5 35	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.08 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

For sale by feb 1 W J. H. HARDIN, Druggist.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 9, 1898.

FOUL MURDER IN MONROE COUNTY, ARKANSAS.

The Wife of the Victim and Two Negro Men in Jail Charged With the Crime. Lynching Threatened.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEMPHIS, TENN., August 8.—The people of Clarendon, Monroe county, Arkansas, are fearfully wrought up over an assassination that took place there on July 30th, and the developments of which took place on Saturday and yesterday. On the night of July 30th, J. T. Orr, a prominent hardware merchant of Clarendon, was murdered in his house and now his wife and two negroes are in jail, the negroes being charged with the murder direct and Mrs. Orr is charged with having procured their services to make way with her husband. There was a demonstration there last night and a lynching may yet be the climax.

Orr was most foully murdered, having been shot by some one through the window of his home. The search for the guilty parties was fruit ess until Saturday, when the sheriff learned of a statement made by a young woman that Mrs. Orr knew something of the assassination. It was charged that she hired a negro named Dennis Record to kill Mr. Orr. A negro named Manse Castle, however, volunteered to do the work for the same amount, so it was stated. Record, Castle and Mrs. Orr were immediately placed under arrest. Yesterday Castle said that he killed Orr and charged that Mrs. Orr had hired him to do the work.

Last night a great crowd gathered in the public square, and it looked for a time as if there would be a lynching. Judge Thomas, who had just returned from Des Arc, made a speech and an urgent appeal to the crowd not to mob the prisoners. He announced he would at once adjourn court at Lonoke and try the prisoners. The crowd dispersed and Mrs. Orr, who had been kept in the court house since her arrest, was conveyed to jail.

Orr's life was insured for $5,000 in the Knights of Pythias and Maccabbees. His wife is the beneficiary. While Castle alleges that Mrs. Orr hired him to do the job, there are some conservative citizens who believe that Mrs. Orr is guiltless and that a trial will clear her. There will be an examining trial Tuesday.

AFFAIRS AT SANTIAGO.

Spanish Sick and Wounded Leave for Spain on the Atlantic--Transports With Troops Sail.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO DE CUAA, August 8.—General Shafter and the Spanish General Toral held a consultation at the palace this afternoon with regard to the embarkation of the Spanish prisoners of war. As a result of the conference, one thousand Spanish sick and wounded will be taken on board the Atlantis to-morrow morning and sent to Spain as soon as the vessel is properly loaded.

The transports Miami, Mattewan and Vigilancia, loaded with United States troops, sailed for the United States this morning. To-morrow the transport Grand Duchess will leave, with 743 men and officers of the Thirteenth Infantry and six companies of the Seventy-first New York, aggregating 458 men and officers.

The Merritt and Chapman wrecking steamer Potomac has arrived at the scene of the battle of July 3rd, and has visited the Cristobal Colon. The wreckers report her to be in a very bad situation, and they fear it is impossible to save her.

The Maria Teresa has not yet been floated.

The auxiliary gunboat Vixen has returned to Guantanamo bay from Santiago. Otherwise there has been no movement of the vessels composing the American fleet. The warships are ready to sail at twelve hours notice.

Sanitary Report.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The following is General Shafter's sanitary report for August 7th. Total sick, 3,445; total number of fever cases, 2,498; total number of new cases, 412; total number of fever cases returned to duty, 406; deaths, August 7th, eleven.

ELECTRIC STORM AT MIAMI.

Two Soldiers Instantly Killed and Two Others Injured—One Critically.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MIAMI, FLA., August 8.—At 10:30 A. M. to-day Corporal E. K. Humphries of Company E, First Texas, and Chas. Gill, of Company G. First Louisiana, were instantly killed by lightning during a heavy electric storm. They were just passing into the cold drink stand of Fred Rutter, near the depot, when a bolt of lightning struck the building just over the door. Two other soldiers were stunned and one of them is in a critical condition. The First Texas regiment was loading and there were hundreds of soldiers around in the building. Under the left arm extending down the side on the body of Humphries is an impression of trees that stand but a few feet from the building, which is as natural as a photograph. The bodies will be sent home for an interment.

GUATAMALA'S REVOLUTION

Promises to Involve Foreign Residents in Great Difficulty.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—Advices received from Cocos, Guatamala, show that the revolutionary movement there has assumed a phase which, while not jeopardizing the existing government, promises to involve foreign residents in great difficulty. The insurgents under Morales are believed to have received considerable support from the Mexicans on the frontier, who are said to be chargeable, at least, with failing neutrality. Some of the foreign residents already have suffered heavy exactions of money under forced levies by the insurgents, and it may be that strong representations on the subject will be required by the United States.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SPAIN'S REPLY TO MR. MCKINLEY.

It is Not An Unqualified Acceptance of the Peace Conditions Named.

SEVERAL POINTS LEFT OPEN.

There May be Long Controversy and Delay Unless the President and Cabinet Decline to Enter the Field of Discussion.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The reply of the Spanish government to the peace conditions laid down by the United States was received by the French Ambassador, M. Cambon, shortly before 3 o'clock this afternoon. The reply came in sections, the dispatch first received giving only the opening passages of the Spanish reply. A few minutes later another dispatch brought a second section, and these kept coming uninterruptedly by a procession of messengers until seven sections of the Spanish reply had been received at ten minutes of four, when the last part was still to arrive. In the meantime the cipher experts were at work and at 4.30 o'clock they were abreast of all that portion of the reply received up to that time and there was a lull of some time pending the arrival of the concluding portions.

Speculation as to its Purport.

Pending the official delivery of the answer speculation was rife as to its contents. There was little or no further doubt that the length of the reply meant that Spain had not given a simple and direct affirmative to the American conditions. It was evident that if the reply was an acceptance, it was accompanied by extended discussion and probably by conditions. This caused considerable apprehension in official circles here, for while it was felt last week that Spain would surely yield in every particular, it began to be felt that possibly there might be another period of discussion, and possibly an indirect attempt to open up a diplomatic exchange on the nature of the terms. The prevailing view, however, was that the reply was on its face an acceptance, although not such a one as precluded all possibility of further discussion. All vital points were believed to be conceded—the abandonment of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Ladrones, and the establishment of a commission to pass upon questions relating to the Philippines. In the carrying out of this programme it was believed that Spain would seek to secure an understanding on many incidental points involved. Some doubt was raised as to whether Spain's acceptance would be operative until referred to and ratified by the Spanish Cortes, and it was understood that the reply might call attention to this consideration. The same condition, it was pointed out, exists as to the United States, for a peace treaty requires the ratification of the Senate to become operative. In case Spain's answer discussed these incidental points there promised to be wide latitude for

Controversy and Delay

unless the President and cabinet declined to enter the field of discussion.

Later in the afternoon the President received an indirect intimation that the Spanish reply had come to the French embassy. A cabinet officer who was with him at this time said on leaving: "The information that has come from Madrid about the action of the Spanish cabinet indicates the Spanish have accepted our terms in a general way, but leave several questions open that we did not include in the terms submitted. The communication offering those terms was explicit, specifically stating such points as would be left open to further negotiations. We will stand on those terms.

The concluding portion of the Spanish reply was received during the evening, but it was not until a late hour that it was deciphered as a whole and gone over by the ambassador. No effort was made to communicate to the United States government to-night beyond a note to Secretary Day advising him that the document had been received, but not disclosing its contents. It is probable that the reply will be delivered to the President, before the cabinet meeting to-morrow, although no hour has been fixed. There is complete reticence in all quarters as to the text of the reply, but there is reason to believe it is not an unqualified acceptance of the American terms, but is framed on the theory of accepting the essentials and trusting to a hope for conciliatory spirit on the part of this government to moderate to some extent features which the Spanish government seems to regard as unessentials.

Personnel of Peace Commission.

The administration has not yet given serious consideration to the personnel of the peace commission, but it can be stated that no one not in accord with the President's present views as to the disposition of the Philippines will be appointed, and Mr. McKinley favors keeping at least Manila harbor and bay and sufficient territory around it for its support and protection, if not the whole of Luzon islands. As to members of the cabinet as members of the commission, there are precedents for their appointment, notably the treaty of Ghent.

Regarding the Round Robin.

General Shafter has telegraphed the President regarding the "round robin" signed by the general officers of his command as follows:

"I can very readily see what intense excitement the publication must have occasioned; a great deal more than the situation warranted. The situation is greatly aggravated from the fact that before any of the men were taken ill they were thoroughly exhausted. At least seventy-five per cent. of the command has been down with malarial fever, from which they recover very slowly, and are in no condition to stand an attack of yellow fever or dysentery.

"Placed here now in the condition in which they were when they came here, I do not believe they would be in any particular danger. The regiment of immunes that recently arrived is not suffering at all and I do not believe they will. They can keep out of the sun, are well clothed and well fed. What put my command in its present condition was the twenty days of the campaign when they had nothing but meat, bread and coffee, without change of clothes, without any shelter whatever, and during a period twice as stormy as it has been since the surrender.

"Fresh troops reaching here in the middle of August, with good camps, good water, abundance of tentage—which they will find here—need not apprehend serious danger. I thank you for the high regard in which you hold my command and the value of the service they have rendered. It pays for all the suffering we have endured. I have read this to Generals Wheeler, Lawton, Bates and Kent, who concur with me in the view expressed above."

NEGRO SOLDIERS RIOTING IN TAMPA

Attempt to Rescue Three Negro Teamsters Incarcerated in the County Jail.

NINTH REGULAR CAVALRY.

The Rioters Opened Fire on the Jail But Were Driven Off by the Guard—Several Wounded—Officers of the Regiment Blamed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TAMPA, FLA., August 8.—Early this morning a mob tried to rescue three negro teamsters of the regular army incarcerated in jail here. An armed guard ordered them to desist but the mob opened fire on the jail. A volley was poured into the crowd from the upper story of the building and several shots took effect. The wounded were carried away by their comrades and the raid was unsuccessful.

Saturday Night's Attack.

TAMPA, FLA., August 8.—The people of this city are still excited over the bold jail delivery of Saturday night. It was an experience Tampa never had before. The citizens generally express the greatest wonder that the officers in command of the Ninth cavalry should have allowed such conduct. They hear rumors on every side that the entire work was done under the sanction of the captain in command, and they do not know what to say.

Sheriff Spencer notified Governor Bloxham yesterday morning while the train was still in the boundaries of the State and asked that he take some steps to secure the rescued man. The Governor wired back that under the circumstances, nothing could be done. Sheriff Spencer then sent a deputy to General Coppinger's headquarters and the matter was reported to his adjutant. He requested that the matter be reduced to writing and submitted to him for reference to General Coppinger. As the train would pass out of the State in the meantime, the sheriff declined to make a formal complaint. What he wanted was prompt action, and, finding that he could not get this, he nursed his wrath.

One of the first things the sheriff did locally was to discharge Jailor Blount. The sheriff took the position that his man surrendered to the demand of the mob too readily; that if he had resisted for only a few minutes he would have gained time enough for the posse of citizens to arrive at the jail. Some people criticise the sheriff for his summary action as to the jailor, claiming that Mr. Blount was taken at a disadvantage. It is stated, and known to be a fact, that the jailor's wife and three of his children were quite ill in the living apartment of the jail. Besides this, the jailor had been ill, and Saturday was the first day he had been on duty since his illness. All these, his friends claim, are extenuating circumstances. But the sheriff says that the situation was a critical one and the jailor should have made some resistance, as he was notified that the mob was coming and had all the advantage in the way of being in a mob proof jail.

It developed yesterday that a large number of negroes of the city knew as early as 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon that the negro soldiers were going to make an attack upon the jail, but they never breathed a word of it. This negro soldier was arrested for shooting among a lot of colored women. It was entirely for the protection of that race, and they knew it, yet they never gave the slightest warning to the white people about what was going to be done.

TYPHOID FEVER EPIDEMIC.

Surgeon General Sternberg Disclaims Responsibility for Prevalence of the Disease in the Army Camps.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The epidemic of typhoid fever which prevails in so many of the army camps is giving the War Department a great deal of concern, and steps are being taken to check the fever and prevent further spread of the disease. Surgeon General Sternberg to-day issued a circular calling attention to a former circular issued by the medical department April 25th. The former circular was devoted to recommendations for the health of the troops, and minutely pointed out what to avoid and how camps should be conducted from a sanitary point of view, together with suggestions as to food and clothing for the soldiers. It is the opinion of the Surgeon General that these conditions have not been carried out and in his circular today he says:

"The extensive prevalence of typhoid fever in camps of instruction indicates that the sanitary recommendations made in this circular have not been carried out. If medical officers have failed to make the proper recommendations as indicated, the responsibility rests with them. If the recommendations have been made and not acted upon by those having authority in the various camps, the responsibility is not with the medical department, but these recommendations should be repeated and commanding officers be urged to move their camps at frequent intervals and to maintain a strict sanitary police."

HOBSON AT ANNAPOLIS.

Called on Admiral Cervera and Exchanged Reminiscences.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ANNAPOLIS, MD., August 8.—Naval Constructor R. P. Hobson was in the city for several hours to-day, having arrived from Washington. He called on Admiral McNair, the superintendent of the Naval Academy, and later on Admiral Cervera, who is occupying a house in the same row with the superintendent's residence. Here he and the Spanish prisoner exchanged reminiscences of their former meeting, when Hobson was rescued from the waters of Santiago harbor by the admiral. Lieutenant Hobson afterwards called on Commander Edwin White and other officers. Quite a crowd of people gathered at the station to see him off, and he went through the usual routine of hand-shaking and returning thanks for congratulations.

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. t

The War Department has received a report from General Gilmore saying that the Gussie, which was reported wrecked, is safe.

A QUALIFIED ACCEPTANCE.

Madrid Report of the Action of the Cabinet on the American Peace Conditions.

CANNOT CEDE TERRITORY

Without the Approval of the Cortes—A Fresh Note From President McKinley Expected—Fresh Difficulties Not Unlikely to Occur.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, August 8, 9 A. M.—The *Liberal* this morning says:

"The government accepts the United States conditions *ad referendum*, believing that it is not authorized to cede territory without the vote of the Cortes. If McKinley objects, the Cortes will be convoked this month. A fresh note from President McKinley, replying to Spain's reply, is expected during the course of this week."

Continuing, the *Liberal* expresses the opinion that "certain passages of Spain's reply may lead to an exchange of cable messages of a critical nature, possibly creating fresh difficulties."

Senor Sagasta, when asked to-day by the correspondent of the Associated Press whether there was any truth in the statement cabled to the United States that he had cabled direct to Washington on the subject of Spain's acceptance of the American peace conditions, categorically and emphatically denied that he had sent any such communication.

The premier added: "The negotiations will follow the usual diplomatic course; and Cambon, the French ambassador at Washington, will present Spain's note to President McKinley."

LONDON, August 9.—The Madrid correspondent of the *Times* says:

"The promptitude with which the Spanish cabinet accepted the terms, on receipt of the American explanations, shows that it does not desire to waste time in dilatory procedure. The question when direct negotiations will begin is rather doubtful, probably because the cabinet is resolved to act scrupulously in accordance with the letter and spirit of the constitution, and the best authorities disagree in the interpretation of the constitutional law. It is believed that the direct negotiations will occur in Paris."

England Offers to Mediate.

MADRID, Aug. 8, 9 P. M.—It is said that as soon as the American reply is received Senor Sagasta will nominate peace commissioners.

El Liberal says: "The government received an offer from England to mediate. The offer was favorably regarded but was not accepted."

El Liberal says further: "The presence of a large British squadron near Gibraltar is clear evidence of an understanding, if not an alliance, between England and the United States."

WRECKING EXPEDITION.

The Merritt-Chapman Outfit Leaves Norfolk for Santiago.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., August 8.—The Third Merritt-Chapman wrecking expedition left here to-day for Santiago and consisted of the chartered steamer Plymouth, Capt Bernard, with complete wrecking outfit; the schooner barge F. R. Sharp, Capt. William Hagerty, with three complete outfits, the wrecking steamer W. E. Chapman, Capt. LcLeod, carrying forty wreckers, divers and engineers under command of Captain Charles L. Nelson, and towing four immense pontoons, two being 100 feet long, 16 feet wide and 13 feet deep and two 60 feet long, 13 feet wide and 12 feet deep, the four combined having a lifting capacity of about 3,200 tons. This is believed to be the largest wrecking expedition that ever left the United States. The fleet passed out the capes at about 5 o'clock this afternoon, bound for Santiago de Cuba to attempt the raising of the Cristobal Colon and Almirante Oquendo. The trip will probably take ten days or two weeks.

LYNCHING IN GEORGIA.

A Negro Who Assaulted a White Child Hanged by Citizens.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GRIFFIN, GA., August 8.—John Meadows, a negro, who yesterday attempted to assault the seven-year old daughter of Benson Camp, at Carmel, a small place near Griffin, was hanged on the edge of the town to-day and the body riddled with bullets.

The negro was arrested this morning in Meriweather county and in charge of two guards was placed in a buggy and started to Griffin. Arriving in the city the negro suddenly jumped from the buggy and escaped. During the afternoon he applied at a farm house for something to eat and was entertained by a member of the family who recognized him, while word was sent to Griffin. Meadows was arrested without trouble, but while on the way to jail here the officers were overpowered by a mob of about 150 men, who took the negro and hanged him.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Record of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Philadelphia—Washington, 3; Cleveland, 6. Second game—Cleveland 2; Washington, 2; (called end of 9th, darkness.)

Pittsburg — Pittsburg - Baltimore; postponed, rain.

Chicago—Philadelphia, 3; Chicago, 6. Second game—Chicago, 3; Philadelphia, 8.

Cincinnati—Boston-Cincinnati, postponed, rain.

Louisville — Brooklyn - Louisville, postponed, rain.

St. Louis—St. Louis, 4; New York, 2.

POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

About $2,400 in Stamps and $50 in Cash Taken.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., Aug. 8.—The postoffice at Fort Monroe was robbed last night of about $2,400 in stamps and $50 in cash, together with several registered letters. The thieves are evidently professional cracksmen. They bored a hole in the safe and forced the lock. There was a new safe in the depot at Old Point for the postoffice when the robbery occurred. There is no tangible clew to the robbers.

The Hawaiian commissioners, Senators Cullom and Morgan, and Representative Hitt, have arrived in San Francisco and will take passage for Honolulu on the Mariposa, sailing Wednesday.

IN PERFECT SHAPE.

Splendid Report Coming in From All Sections to Democratic Headquarters.

OTHER NEWS FROM RALEIGH

New Railroad Project—Troop Train With Soldiers From Santiago---Populist Wake County Convention---Recruits for First Regiment.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 8.

Mayor Dean, of Wilson, and a committee of energetic citizens from that town are now making preliminary arrangements for a systematic endeavor to obtain a new railroad into that town. Nothing definite concerning this new road has yet been given to the public, but the scheme is well under way and Mayor Dean is now writing to prominent railroad men and capitalists relative to the same.

This afternoon seven trains passed through Raleigh on the Seaboard Air Line, carrying troops from Santiago to Montauk Point. The Ninth and Tenth cavalry were among the regiments to go through. A number of negroes here prepared quite a reception for Jim Flowers who lived here up to a few years ago and who is a member of the Ninth cavalry. John Hall, another Raleigh negro, was met by a large crowd of his race. He belongs to the Tenth cavalry, of which the lamented Lieutenant William E. Shipp, of North Carolina, was regimental quartermaster.

Chairman Simmons has everything in perfect shape at Democratic headquarters and Secretary Thompson said to-day that splendid reports were coming in from many sections. The reports this year are based on better grounds than ever before and no man's letter is accepted as definite unless he states the way he founds his belief. The people in all counties are questioned well and the situation is thoroughly examined. Mr. Thompson says the good news is most encouraging and he is looking for great landslides.

Warden Russell is making desperate efforts to capture Chas. Jones, of Edgecombe county, who escaped from the State penitentiary Friday last. He was serving an eighteen months sentence for larceny. Jones was a Republican politician in Edgecombe.

The Populist Wake county convention is called to meet here Saturday, August 20th. The executive committee urged fusion, and Otho Wilson named a conference committee to arrange terms with the Republicans. Many think the same ring that now inhabits the court house will be renominated, yet it is acknowledged here by men of prominence in their party that these men cannot be reelected. The present clerk of the court, Dan. H. Young, has made so many personal enemies that it is possible his chance will be undermined by alleged friends.

Lieutenant Christian, recruiting officer for the First regiment, to-day sent seven recruits to Jacksonville. He has received notice that the First Missouri volunteers will replace the North Carolinians in Lee's Corps. Lieutenant Christian has not yet received orders to return to his regiment, but he thinks the orders for the First to go to Porto Rico will be sent Colonel Armfield to-day, in which event he will be ordered back to Jacksonville at once.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The Board of Trustees of the A. and M. College abolished the chicken supervisor's position; C. E. Flow got left. The board is discussing to-night the propriety of establishing chairs of entomology and biology and veterinary.

Chamberlain and his crowd are said to be making efforts to remove Skinner and Parks.

TWO IMPORTANT CHANGES.

Captain Sigsbee to Command the Battleship Texas and Captain Goodrich the New York.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—Two important changes in the command of vessels of the navy were announced this evening by Secretary Long. Capt. Chas. D. Sigsbee, who commanded the battleship Maine when she met her fate in the harbor of Havana and who has been in command of the auxiliary cruiser St. Paul since the war began, has been ordered to relieve Captain John W. Philip of the command of the battleship Texas, now undergoing repairs in New York. Secretary Long announced also that Captain Casper F. Goodrich, of the auxiliary cruiser St. Louis, had been ordered to the command of the New York, Commodore Watson's flagship, to succeed Captain Albert S. Barker, who has been transferred to the battleship Oregon on account of the illness of Captain Charles E. Clark.

FOR PORTO RICO.

Troops to Embark on Transports To-day at Newport News.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., August 8.—The transport Alamo arrived here today from New York. She will carry the remaining six companies of the First Kentucky regiment to Porto Rico. They will probably embark tomorrow, as will the Fifth Illinois regiment on the transport Obdam. Neither of the vessels will sail before Wednesday.

WHY LYNCHINGS OCCUR.

Horrible Outrage and Murder of a Young Girl.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., August 6.—The 18-year-old daughter of J. M. C. Howell, a prominent citizen of this county, was outraged to-night by a negro brute, who subsequently cut her throat, severed her fingers from her hands and otherwise butchered her body in a terrible manner. The negro is now being pursued by police and deputy sheriffs from this city.

Brigadier General John S. Poland died yesterday at Asheville, N. C., of fever contracted at Chickamauga, where he commanded the Second division, First Corps. He was a native of Indiana.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

FROM PORTO RICO:

General Brooke at Ponce in Conference With General Miles.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PONCE, ISLAND OF PORTO RICO, August 8.—Morning—General Brooke is here in conference with Major General Miles. His force is still at Guayama. A force of about four hundred regular Spanish troops are stationed about eight miles away.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

The Most Prosperous man in the country merchant who ships his produce to R. B. Moore. And why? Because he sells your produce for the very best prices and makes the promptest returns. Try him and be convinced. 126 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. au 7 tf

Photographs and Frames—Finest kind of Photographs. Beautiful new Frames to suit any Picture. Lovely Easels. Enlarging a specialty. Lowest prices in city. Satisfaction guaranteed. Ask for U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. au 3 tf

Sulp Your Cotton, Naval Stores and all kinds of Country Produce to me. Highest prices, quick sales and prompt returns. I also inspect tar and turpentine. R. B. Register, 108 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 26 tf

Country Produce of every kind at low prices. Watermelons on ice. Choicest Fruits. Bell 'Phone 280. P. H. Smith, 214 Campbell street jy 29 tf

Don't Think of buying Peaches until you have seen my stock—the very finest grown at Southern Pines. Also, N. C. Hams, Irish Potatoes, and other Country Produce. L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. jy 19 tf

Fifty Bushels Cow Peas for sale. Apply to H. J. Sherman, 215 Market street. Bell 'Phone No. 32. jy 24 tf

To Country Merchants and Farmers—Ship your beef cattle and mutton and all country produce to M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street. Best prices and prompt returns. jy 13 tf

Cow Peas for planting. Hay, Grain and all kinds of feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Both Phones No. 92. je 2 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 26 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 206 sep 21 tf

Provisions.

D. S. Ribs, Plates, Shoulders, Hams, Lards.

We carry large stocks, sell at Rock Bottom Prices and solicit your orders.

We are sole agents for the

Famous Brands Cigars.

Renowns, Cuban Blossom, Topical Twist-Heads.

If your jobber can't furnish you, we will.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Wholesale Only.

jy 21 tf Nutt Street, A. C. L. Crossing.

WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS.

RECEIVED JUL 29 1898

Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS.

ANSWERED AUG 1 1898

Wilmington, N. C.

Band Dating Stamps with Air Cushions

W. S. W. AUG 1 1898

For Cancelling Revenue Stamps with or without Air Cushions.

Rand & McNally's Wall Map, 4x6 feet, only 99c.

WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS,

15 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. Bell 'Phone 240. jy 21 tf

Turnip Seed.

All Varieties.

FRESH LOT JUST RECEIVED.

Guaranteed Rock Bottom Prices.

J. Hicks Bunting,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington, N. C.

jy 20 tf

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 27TH, 1898.

Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 8.50 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.

Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 3.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 6 and 9.30 P. M.

On Fridays there will be two late trains up, 10 and 11.30 P. M.

The Saturday Special, leaving Wilmington at 1 P. M., and the 11.30 P. M. train from Ocean View, will be discontinued.

Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid.

GEO. R. FRENCH, President.
R. O. GRANT Superintendent. je 23 tf

Paregoric and Quinine.

115 Dozen Paregoric.
150 Ounces Quinine.
78 Dozen Extract Lemon.
54 Dozen Essence Cinnamon.
48 Dozen Essence Vanilla.
29 Dozen Essence Peppermint.
95 Dozen Castor Oil,
23 Dozen Jamaica Ginger.
15 Dozen Godfrey's Cordial.
18 Dozen Soothing Syrup.

W. B. Cooper,

Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C.

au 6 tf

FOR RENT.

The Cantwell House, corner Sixth and Market streets. Nine rooms; modern improvements. Possession given October 1st. Apply to D. O'Connor. jy 26 tf

Mid-Summer Clearing Sale

AND

Bargain Week!

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

No. 9 North Front Street.

We are going to quit profit making for one week,

Beginning MONDAY, AUGUST 8,

and inaugurate our Grand Clearing Sale and Bargain Week. We own no factory; have no bankrupt stock; no Job Lots purchased at 10 cents on the dollar; but we have just taken inventory and find either

Too Much Stock or Odds and Ends in Every Department,

and do not propose to carry over if we can help it. The past season has been the most successful in our history. We thank the ladies and beg to assure them that these values are legitimate and the cuts in prices as quoted are exactly as represented.

Terms Cash. Terms Cash.

au 7 tf

The Unlucky Corner.

Come Quick, Before the Deal is Off. It is only

An Advertising Scheme.

10 lbs Best Granulated Sugar,.....65c
1 " J. & S. Roasted Laguyra Coffee 25c
1 " W. M. Roasted Java Coffee,....30c
1 " Mixed Tea (Good).....30c
1 doz. North Carolina Roe Herring, 25c
1 lb Clover Hill Butter (Best).....35c
$2.30

All For $1.59.

S. W. SANDERS.

jy 28 tf

Carolina Beach and Southport STEAMBOAT LINE.

Following Schedule in Effect After Monday, July 25th.

Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach, 6 and 9.15 A. M.; 3 and 5.15 P. M. Leave Wilmington every day, 7.30 P. M.; leave Beach, 8.30 P. M.

Leave Beach, 7 A. M.; 1.00 P. M.; 3.45 P. M.; 6.00 P. M.

Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 and 7.30 P. M. Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M.; 6 and 8.30 P. M.

9.15 A. M. boat through for Southport—Leaves Southport, 12.00 M.

Fare on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M boats to pier and return, 15 cents.

J. W. Harper.

jy 26 tf

"Experience is a Dear Teacher."

We have had our EXPERIENCE and have paid for it. So in buying your

Medicines & Filling Prescriptions

from me, you run no risk whatever. It is no EXPERIMENT with us now. We know exactly what we are doing and how to do it. Ask any doctor in this town.

TELEPHONE, store 150, and residence 282.

Yours, for some of your business,

James D. Nutt, The Druggist.

my 23 tf

A FINE LOT OF

Sugar Cured Hams

AT

10c Per Pound.

THE

N. C. Hams at 12 1-2c

are not quite all gone, but nearly so.

THE KING GROCERY CO.

R. F. KING, MANAGER.

'Phone 307 Fourth Street Bridge.

jy 20 tf

BAGGING AND TIES.

1000 Rolls Bagging.
5000 Bundles Ties.
300 Barrels Flour.
600 Bushels Meal.
3000 Bushels Corn.
10 Boxes Smoked Shoulders
100 Boxes D. S. Sides.
50 Barrels C. M. Pork.

Also, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses and other goods.

D. L. Gore,

No. 120, 122 and 124 North Water St.

jy 17 tf

R. R. LOVE & BRO.,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

112 North Water street. We solicit your consignments and orders.

One second hand Cook Stove and two second hand Show Cases for sale cheap.

au 8 1m H. R. Love & Bro.

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES

"THE PEACE MAKERS"

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business July 14th, 1898. Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$343,293 52	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	167 97	Surplus	70,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	40,100 00	Undivided profits	9,953 25—79,953 25
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	35,000 00
Due from other Banks $100,854 22		Total Deposits	551,976 40
Cash on hand ..... 99,741 94—200,596 16			
Total	$802,929 65	Total	$802,929 65

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	July 14, '98.	July 14, '97.	July 14, '98
Total Deposits	$484,000	$514,000	$562,000
Surplus and Net Profits	65,700	69,000	79,900
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. jy 28 tf

SANTIAGO HAS CAPITULATED!

But We Have Not.

We are still holding the fort.

AND HAVE BEATEN ALL COMPETITION

On Hardware, House Furnishing Goods, Agricultural Implements, Mechanic's Tools, and

Everything IN THE Hardware Line,

Wholesale and Retail.

Mail orders given special attention.

J. W. MURCHISON,

The Leading Hardware Dealer.

jy 19 tf

Piano Prices.

Many People Pay Twice the Value of the Piano

When they buy because they are not posted as to prices, nor the quality of the goods.

You Can Buy a Lester Piano,

such as was recently used at the Y. M. C. A for $325 cash or $350 on instalments. We have other good PIANOS still much lower.

Our Famous "Sohmer" Piano

can be bought from $350 upwards.

Cabinet Organs

proportionately low as to prices and a large stock.

E. VAN LAER,

402 and 404 North Fourth Street

je 4 tf in th sa

This Cut

REPRESENTS ONE OF THE MANY STYLES OF THIS NOW

Famous Line of Fine Footwear at

$2.00, $2.50, and $3.00.

Also, Low Cut Shoes at Low Cut Prices.

Our Popular Watch Contest

is now on for 60 days.

Look in Our Window!

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

au 4 tf 115 Princess street

MEATS.

D. S. Sides,
Backs,
Bellies,
Plates,
N. C. Hams.

FLOUR ALL GRADES.

Write for Prices.

Hall & Pearsall,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, Nutt and Mulberry streets.

jy 11 tf

HOTEL STEWART.

Rates $2.00 Per Day.

West Centre St., opposite R. R. Ticket Office. feb 4 tf Goldsboro, N. C